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ROLE OF AND GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR EMPLOYEES

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the board's goals and objectives for employees in the performance of their jobs. Employees provide a variety of important services for the children of the school district community. They may be teaching or assisting in the classroom, working in the office, maintaining the facilities, driving or repairing the school buses, or cooking lunches. Each employee plays a vital role in providing an equal opportunity for a quality education for students commensurate with the students' individual needs. While the teachers have the most direct impact on the formal instruction of students, all employees have an impact on the school environment by their dedication to their work and their actions. As role models for the students, employees shall promote a cooperative, enthusiastic, and supportive learning environment for the students.

In striving to achieve a quality education program, the board's goal is to obtain and retain qualified and effective employees. The board shall have complete discretion to determine the number, the qualifications, and the duties of the positions and the school district's standards of acceptable performance. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to make recommendations to the board in these areas prior to board action. The board recognizes its duty to bargain collectively with duly certified collective bargaining units. To the extent a group of employees has a recognized collective bargaining unit, the provisions of the master contract regarding such topics shall prevail.

Board policies in this series relating to general employees will apply to employees regardless of their position as a licensed employee, classified employee, substitute or administrator. Board policies relating to licensed employees will apply to positions that require a teaching license or administrator's certificate or other professional license, certificate or endorsement, unless administrative positions are specifically excluded from the policy or a more specific policy is in the 300 series, Administration. Classified employees' policies included in this series will apply to positions that do not fall within the definition of licensed employee.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Hamburg Community School District will provide equal opportunity to employees and applicants for employment in accordance with applicable equal employment opportunity and affirmative action laws, directives and regulations of federal, state and local governing bodies. Opportunity to all employees and applicants for employment includes hiring, placement, promotion, transfer or demotion, recruitment, advertising or solicitation for employment, treatment during employment, rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and layoff or termination. The school district will take affirmative action in major job categories where women, men, minorities and persons with disabilities are underrepresented. Employees will support and comply with the district's established equal employment opportunity and affirmative action policies. Employees will be given notice of this policy annually.

The board will appoint an affirmative action coordinator. The affirmative action coordinator will have the responsibility for drafting the affirmative action plan. The affirmative action plan will be reviewed by the board at least every two years.

Individuals who file an application with the school district will be given consideration for employment if they meet or exceed the qualifications set by the board, administration, and Iowa Department of Education for the position for which they apply. In employing individuals, the board will consider the qualifications, credentials, and records of the applicants without regard to race, color, creed, sex, sexual identity, national origin, religion, age or disability. In keeping with the law, the board will consider the veteran status of applicants.

Advertisements and notices for vacancies within the district will contain the following statement: "The Hamburg Community School District is an equal employment opportunity/affirmative action employer." The statement will also appear on application forms.

Inquiries by employees or applicants for employment regarding compliance with equal employment opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, will be directed to the Affirmative Action Coordinator by writing to the Affirmative Action Coordinator, Hamburg Community School District, Hamburg, Iowa 51640; or by telephoning 712-382-2017.

Approved <u>4/19/10</u>

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 3/21/11

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

Inquiries by employees or applicants for employment regarding compliance with equal employment opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, may also be directed in writing to the Director of the Region VII office of Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education, 310 W. Wisconsin Ave., Ste. 800, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53203-2292, (414) 291-1111 or the Iowa Civil Rights Commission, 211 E. Maple, Des Moines, Iowa, 50309, (515) 281-4121. This inquiry or complaint to the federal office may be done instead of, or in addition to, an inquiry or complaint at the local level.

Further information and copies of the procedures for filing a complaint are available in the school district's central administrative office and the administrative office in each attendance center.

NOTE: This is a mandatory policy and reflects the law.

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634 (1994).

42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq. (1994). 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq. (1994).

Iowa Code §§ 19B; 20; 35C; 73; 216; 279.8 (2003).

281 I.A.C. 12.4; 95.

Cross Reference:

102 Equal Educational Opportunity

403.5 Harassment

405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

EMPLOYEE CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Employees' use of their position with the school district for financial gain is considered a conflict of interest with their position as employees and may subject employees to disciplinary action.

Employees have access to information and a captive audience that could award the employee personal or financial gain. No employee may solicit other employees or students for personal or financial gain to the employee without the approval of the superintendent. If the approval of the superintendent is given, the employee must conduct the solicitations within the conditions set by the superintendent. Further, the superintendent may, upon five days notice, require the employee to cease such solicitations as a condition of continued employment.

Employees will not act as an agent or dealer for the sale of textbooks or other school supply companies doing business with the school district. Employees will not participate for personal financial remuneration in outside activities wherein their position on the staff is used to sell goods or services to students or to parents. Employees will not engage in outside work or activities where the source of information concerning the customer, client or employer originates from information obtained because of the employee's position in the school district.

It will also be a conflict of interest for an employee to engage in any outside employment or activity which is in conflict with the employee's official duties and responsibilities. In determining whether outside employment or activity of an employee creates a conflict of interest, situations in which an unacceptable conflict of interest is deemed to exist will include, but not be limited to, any of the following:

- (1) The outside employment or activity involves the use of the school district's time, facilities, equipment and supplies or the use of the school district's badge, uniform, business card or other evidences of office to give the employee or the employee's immediate family an advantage or pecuniary benefit that is not available to other similarly situated members or classes of members of the general public. For purposes of this section, a person is not "similarly situated" merely by being related to an employee who is employed by the school district.
- (2) The outside employment or activity involves the receipt of, promise of, or acceptance of more or other consideration by the employee or a member of the employee's immediate family from anyone other than the school district for the performance of any act that the employee would be required or expected to perform as part of the employee's regular duties or during the hours during which the employee performs service or work for the school district.
- (3) The outside employment or activity is subject to the official control, inspection, review, audit or enforcement authority of the employee during the performance of the employee's duties.

If the outside employment or activity is employment or activity in (1) or (2) above, the employee must cease the employment of or activity. If the activity or employment falls under (3), then the employee must:

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Approved:	10-8-09	Reviewed:	1-24-11	Revised:	

EMPLOYEE CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- · Cease the outside employment or activity; or,
- Publicly disclose the existence of the conflict and refrain from taking any official action or
 performing any official duty that would detrimentally affect or create a benefit for the outside
 employment or activity. Official action or official duty includes, but is not limited to,
 participating in any vote, taking affirmative action to influence any vote, or providing any other
 official service or thing that is not available generally to members of the public in order to further
 the interests of the outside employment or activity.

It is the responsibility of each employee to be aware of and take the necessary action to eliminate a potential conflict of interest should it arise.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.7; 68B; 279.8; 301.28 (2009).

Cross Reference:

203 Board of Directors' Conflict of Interest

402.4 Gifts to Employees

402.7 Employee Outside Employment404 Employee Conduct and Appearance

NEPOTISM

More than one family member may be an employee of the school district. It is within the discretion of the superintendent to allow one family member employed by the school district to supervise another family member employed by the school district, subject to the approval of the board.

The employment of more than one individual in a family is on the basis of their qualifications, credentials and records.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20; 71; 277.27; 279.8 (2003).			
Cross Reference:	405.2 411.2	Licensed Employee Qualifications, Classified Employee Qualifications,		
Approved <u>4/19/10</u>		Reviewed	Revised	8

EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS

Complaints of employees against fellow employees should be discussed directly between employees. If necessary, complaints will be brought directly to the immediate supervisor, principal or superintendent and will be made in a constructive and professional manner. Complaints will never be made in the presence of other employees, students or outside persons.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8

Cross Reference:

307

Communication Channels

Approved 4-19-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

EMPLOYEE RECORDS

The school district will maintain personnel records on employees. The records are important for the daily administration of the educational program, for implementing board policy, for budget and financial planning, and for meeting state and federal requirements.

The records will include, but not be limited to, records necessary for the daily administration of the school district, salary records, evaluations, application for employment, references, and other items needed to carry out board policy. Employee personnel files are school district records and are considered confidential records and therefore are not generally open to public inspection or accessibility. Only in certain limited instances, when the employee has given a signed consent, will employee personnel records be accessible to individuals other than the employee or authorized school officials.

Employees may have access to their personnel files, with the exception of letters of reference, and copy items from their personnel files at a time mutually agreed upon between the superintendent and the employee. The school district may charge a reasonable fee for each copy made. Employees, however, will not be allowed access to the employment references written on behalf of the employee. Board members will generally only have access to an employee's file when it is necessary because of an employee related matter before the board.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to keep employees' personnel files current. The board secretary is the custodian of employee records.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for the implementation of this policy.

Cross Refer	rence:	402.1 403 708	Release of Credit Information Employees' Health and Well-Being Care, Maintenance and Disposal of School District Red	cords
Approved	4-19-10		Reviewed 7-24-17 Revis	ed

Iowa Code chs. 20; 21; 22; 91B (2013).

Legal Reference:

EMPLOYEE RECORDS REGULATION

Employee Personnel Records Content

- 1. Employee personnel records may contain the following information:
 - Personal information including, but not limited to, name, address, telephone number, emergency numbers, birth date and spouse.
 - Individual employment contract.
 - Evaluations.
 - Application, resume and references.
 - Salary information.
 - Copy of the employee's license or certificate, if needed for the position.
 - Educational transcripts.
 - Assignment.
 - · Records of disciplinary matters.
- 2. Employee health and medical records are kept in a file separate from the employee's personnel records. Health and medical records may contain, but are not limited to:
 - Medical professional signed physical form.
 - Sick or long-term disability leave days.
 - Worker's compensation claims.
 - Reasonable accommodation made by the school district to accommodate the employee's disability.
 - Employee's medical history.
 - Employee emergency names and numbers.
 - Family and medical leave request forms.
- 3. The following are considered public personnel records available for inspection:
 - The name and compensation of the individual, including any written agreement establishing
 compensation or any other terms of employment, except for that information that is otherwise protected.
 "Compensation" includes the value of benefits conferred including, but not limited to: casualty,
 disability, life or health insurance, other health or wellness benefits, vacation, holiday and sick leave,
 severance payments, retirement benefits and deferred compensation;
 - The dates the individual was employed by the government body;
 - The positions the individual holds or has held with the government body;
 - The educational institutions attended by the individual, including any diplomas and degrees earned, and
 the names of the individual's previous employers, positions previously held and dates of previous
 employment;
 - The fact that the individual was discharged as the result of a final disciplinary action upon the exhaustion of all applicable contractual, legal and statutory remedies; and,
 - Personal information in confidential personnel records of government bodies relating to student employees shall only be released pursuant to the Family Educational Privacy Rights Act (FERPA.)

EMPLOYEE RECORDS REGULATION

Applicant File Records Content

Records on applicants for positions with the school district are maintained in the central administration office. The records will include, but not be limited to:

- Application for employment.
- Resume.
- · References.
- Evidence of appropriate license or certificate, if necessary for the position for which the individual applied.
- Affirmative action form, if submitted.

Record Access

Only authorized school officials will have access to an employee's records without the written consent of the employee. Authorized school officials may include, but not be limited to, the superintendent, building principal, or board secretary. In the case of a medical emergency, the school nurse or other first aid or safety personnel may have access to the employee's health or medical file without the consent of the employee. Board members will generally only have access to an employee's personnel file without the consent of the employee when necessary for the conducting of board business.

Employee Record Retention

All employee records, except payroll and salary records, are maintained for a minimum of one year after termination of employment with the district. Applicant records are maintained for a minimum of one year after the position was filled. Payroll and salary records are maintained for a minimum of three years after payment.

TRANSPORTING OF STUDENTS BY EMPLOYEES

Generally, transportation of students is in a motor vehicle owned by the school district and driven by an employee. In some cases, it may be more economical or efficient for the school district to allow an employee of the school district to transport the students in the employee's motor vehicle.

Employees who transport students for school purposes must have the permission of the superintendent.

This policy statement applies to transportation of students for school purposes in addition to the regular bus route transporting students to and from their designated attendance center.

Cross Reference:	401.7	Employee Travel Compensation
	711	Transportation
	904.1	Transporting Students in Private Vehicles
		The state of the s

Legal Reference:

Approved <u>4/19/10</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _____

Iowa Code chs. 285; 321 (2003).

EMPLOYEE TRAVEL COMPENSATION

Employees traveling on behalf of the school district and performing approved school district business will be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. Actual and necessary travel expenses will include, but not be limited to, transportation and/or mileage costs, lodging expenses, meal expenses and registration costs.

Travel Outside the School District

Travel outside of the school district must be pre-approved. Pre-approval will include an evaluation of the necessity of the travel, the reason for the travel and an estimate of the cost of the travel to qualify as approved school district business. Travel outside the school district by employees, other than the superintendent, is approved by the superintendent.

Reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses may be allowed for travel outside the school district if the employee received pre-approval for the travel. Prior to reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses, the employee must provide the school district with a detailed receipt, indicating the date, purpose and nature of the expense for each claim item. In exceptional circumstances, the superintendent may allow a claim without proper receipt. Written documentation explaining the exceptional circumstances is maintained as part of the school district's record of the claim.

Failure to have a detailed receipt will make the expense a personal expense. Personal expenses, including mileage, in excess of that required for the trip are reimbursed by the employee to the school district no later than 10 working days following the date of the expense.

Reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses for travel outside the school district will be limited to the pre-approved expenses. Pre-approved expenses for registration are limited to the actual cost of the registration.

Pre-approved expenses for transportation within three-hundred miles of the school district administrative office will be by automobile. If a school district vehicle is not available, the employee will be reimbursed 57.5 cents per mile. Pre-approved expenses for transportation outside of three hundred miles of the school district administrative office may be by public carrier. Reimbursement for air travel will be at the tourist class fares. Should an employee choose to travel by automobile, reimbursement will be limited to the public carrier amount. Pre-approved expenses for transportation in a rental car is limited to the cost of a Class "C" rental car at a medium priced agency unless the number of people traveling on behalf of the school district warrants a larger vehicle.

Pre-approved expense for lodging within the state is limited to \$125 per night. Pre-approved expense for lodging outside the state is limited to the rate of a medium priced hotel in the area. Lodging may be pre-approved for a larger amount if special circumstances require the employee to stay at a particular hotel. Pre-approved expenses for meals within the state are limited to \$10.00 for breakfast, \$10.00 for lunch and \$20.00 for dinner. Meals may be pre-approved for a larger amount by the board.

Approved <u>4/19/10</u> Re	eviewed <u>7-24-17</u>	Revised
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EMPLOYEE TRAVEL COMPENSATION

Travel Within the School District

Employees required to travel in their personal vehicle between school district buildings to carry out the duties of their position may be reimbursed at 57.5 cents per mile. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to approve travel within the school district by employees. It is the responsibility of the board to review the travel within the school district by the superintendent through the board's audit and approval process.

Employees who are allowed an in-school district travel allowance will have the amount of the allowance actually received during each calendar year included on the employee's W-2 form as taxable income according to the Internal Revenue Code.

The superintendent is responsible for developing administrative regulations regarding actual and necessary expenses, in-school district travel allowances and assignment of school district vehicles. The administrative regulations will include the appropriate forms to be filed for reimbursement to the employee from the school district and the procedures for obtaining approval for travel outside of and within the school district.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Constitution, Art. III, § 31. Iowa Code §§ 70A.9-.11 (2013). 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 512.

Cross Reference:

216.3 Board of Directors' Member Compensation and Expenses

401.6 Transporting of Students by Employees

401.10 Credit Cards

904.1 Transporting Students in Private Vehicles

RECOGNITION FOR SERVICE OF EMPLOYEES

The board recognizes and appreciates the service of its employees. Employees who retire or resign may be honored by the board, administration and staff in an appropriate manner.

If the form of honor thought appropriate by the administration and employees involves unusual expense to the school district, the superintendent will seek prior approval from the board.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Const. Art. III, § 31.

Iowa Code § 279.8 (2003). 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 102.

Cross Reference:

407 Licensed Employee Termination of Employment

413 Classified Employee Termination of Employment

Approved <u>4/19/10</u>

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised _____

EMPLOYEE POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Employees will not engage in political activity upon property under the jurisdiction of the board. Activities including, but not limited to, posting of political circulars or petitions, the distribution of political circulars or petitions, the collection of or solicitation for campaign funds, solicitation for campaign workers, and the use of students for writing or addressing political materials, or the distribution of such materials to or by students are specifically prohibited.

Violation of this policy may be grounds for disciplinary action.

NOTE: This policy is required by federal law.

Legal Reference:	Iowa C			
Cross Reference:	409.5 414.5	Licensed Employee Political Leave Classified Employee Political Leave	* ;	
Approved 4/19/10		Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised	all

CREDIT CARDS

Employees may use school district credit cards for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of work-related duties. Actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of work-related duties include, but are not limited to, fuel for school district transportation vehicles used for transporting students to and from school and for school-sponsored events, payment of claims related to professional development of the board and employees, and other expenses required by employees and the board in the performance of their duties.

Employees and officers using a school district credit card must submit a detailed receipt in addition to a credit card receipt indicating the date, purpose and nature of the expense for each claim item. Failure to provide a proper receipt will make the employee responsible for expenses incurred. Those expenses are reimbursed to the school district no later than ten working days following use of the school district's credit card. In exceptional circumstances, the superintendent or board may allow a claim without proper receipt. Written documentation explaining the exceptional circumstances is maintained as part of the school district's record of the claim.

The school district may maintain a school district credit card for actual and necessary expenses incurred by employees and officers in the performance of their duties. The superintendent may maintain a school district credit card for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the superintendent's duties. The transportation director may maintain a school district credit card for fueling school district transportation vehicles in accordance with board policy.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to determine whether the school district credit card use is for appropriate school business. It is the responsibility of the board to determine through the audit and approval process of the board whether the school district credit card use by the superintendent and the board is for appropriate school business.

The superintendent is responsible for developing administrative regulations regarding actual and necessary expenses and use of a school district credit card. The administrative regulations will include the appropriate forms to be filed for obtaining a credit card.

Legal	Reference:	Iowa Co
		Iovvo Co

Iowa Constitution, Art. III, § 31. Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .29, .30 (2003).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(1).

Cross Reference:

219.3 Board of Directors' Member Compensation and Expenses

401.7 Employee Travel Compensation

d 8/12/17	Revised
	d <u>8/12/17</u>

EMPLOYEE ORIENTATION

Employees must know their role and duties. New employees may be required to participate in an orientation program for new employees. The employee's immediate supervisor should provide the new employee with a review of the employee's responsibilities and duties. Payroll procedures and employee benefit programs and accompanying forms will be explained to the employee by the business manager. Regular employees ineligible for the school district's group health plan will be given information regarding where they can obtain health care or health care insurance.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8 (2003).

191 I.A.C. 74.

Cross Reference:

404 Employee Conduct and Appearance

406 Licensed Employee Compensation and Benefits

412 Classified Employee Compensation and Benefits

Approved ___ 4/19/10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised ___

RELEASE OF CREDIT INFORMATION

The following information will be released to an entity with whom an employee has applied for credit or has obtained credit: title of position, income, and number of years employed. This information will be released without prior written notice to the employee. Confidential information about the employee will be released to an inquiring creditor with a written authorization from the employee.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary or superintendent to respond to inquiries from creditors.

NOTE: This policy lists the information the school district will release to a credit agency without prior notice to the employee. The items listed are all public records and can be disclosed without prior notice. Prior to releasing other information, a school district must get consent from the employee. It is recommended that this consent be written.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 22.7; 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.5 Employee Records

Approved <u>11-17-03</u>

Revised 12-20-10

CHILD ABUSE REPORTING

In compliance with state law and to provide protection to victims of child abuse, the board believes incidents of alleged child abuse should be reported to the proper authorities. All licensed school employees, teachers, coaches and paraeducators are mandatory reporters as provided by law and are to report alleged incidents of child abuse they become aware of within the scope of their professional duties.

When a mandatory reporter suspects a student is the victim of child abuse, the mandatory reporter shall make an oral report of the suspected child abuse to the Iowa Department of Human Services within 24 hours of becoming aware of the abusive incident and shall make a written report to the Iowa Department of Human Services within 48 hours following the oral report. If the mandatory reporter believes the child is in immediate danger, the local law enforcement agency will also be notified.

Within six months of their initial employment, mandatory reporters will take a two-hour training course involving the identification and reporting of child abuse, or submit evidence they've taken the course within the previous five years. The course will be re-taken at least every five years.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 232.67-.77; 232A; 235A; 280.17 (2013).

441 I.A.C. 9.2; 155; 175. 1982 Op. Att'y Gen. 390, 417. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 275.

Cross Reference:

402.3 Abuse of Students by School District Employees

502.9 Interviews of Students by Outside Agencies

507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved 11-17-03

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised 8-14-17

CHILD ABUSE REPORTING REGULATION

Iowa law requires licensed employees to report to the Iowa Department of Human Services (DHS) instances of suspected child abuse which they become aware of within the scope of their professional duties.

The law further specifies that a licensed employee who knowingly or willfully fails to report a suspected case of child abuse is guilty of a simple misdemeanor and that the licensed employee may be subject to civil liability for damages caused by the failure to report.

Employees participating in good faith in the making of a report or in a judicial proceeding that may result from the report, are immune from liability.

Child Abuse Defined

"Child abuse" is defined as:

Any nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given of it, suffered by a child as the result of the acts or omissions of a person responsible for the care of the child.

The commission of a sexual offense with or to a child . . . as a result of the acts or omissions of the person responsible for the child. . . . Sexual offense includes sexual abuse, incest, and sexual exploitation of a minor.

The failure on the part of a person responsible for the care of a child to provide for the adequate food, shelter, clothing or other care necessary for the child's welfare when financially able to do so. A parent or guardian legitimately practicing religious beliefs who does not provide specified medical treatment for a child for that reason alone will not be considered abusing the child

The acts or omissions of a person responsible for the care of a child which allow, permit or encourage the child to engage in acts prohibited pursuant to *Iowa Code*, section 725.1 which deals with prostitution.

- Any mental injury to a child's intellectual or psychological capacities evidenced by an
 observable and substantial impairment in the child's ability to function within the child's
 normal range of performance and behavior as the result of the acts or omissions of a person
 responsible for the care of the child, if the impairment is diagnosed by a licensed physician or
 qualified mental health professional
- An illegal drug is present in a child's body as a direct and foreseeable consequence of the acts of omissions of the person responsible for the care of the child.

Teachers in public schools are not "persons responsible for the care of the child" under this definition. However, a teacher who abuses a child is subject to civil, criminal, and professional sanctions.

CHILD ABUSE REPORTING REGULATION

Reporting Procedures

Licensed employees, including teachers and school nurses, are required to report, either orally or in writing, within twenty-four hours to the Iowa Department of Human Services (DHS) when the employee reasonably believes a child has suffered from abuse within the scope of employment. Within forty-eight hours of an oral report, a written report must be filed with DHS.

Each report should contain as much of the following information as can be obtained within the time limit. However, the law specifies a report will be considered valid even if it does not contain all of the following information:

name, age, and home address of the child;

name and home address of the parents, guardians or other persons believed to be responsible for the care of the child;

the child's present whereabouts if not the same as the parent's or other person's home address;

description of injuries, including evidence of previous injuries;

name, age, and condition of other children in the same home;

any other information considered helpful; and,

name and address of the person making the report.

Board policy states it is not the responsibility of employees to prove that a child has been abused or neglected. Employees should not take it upon themselves to investigate the case or contact the family of the child. DHS is responsible for investigating the incident of alleged abuse.

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES

Physical or sexual abuse of students, including inappropriate and intentional sexual behavior, by employees will not be tolerated. The definition of employees for the purpose of this policy includes not only those who work for pay but also those who are volunteers of the school district under the direction and control of the school district. Employees found in violation of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge.

The school district will respond promptly to allegations of abuse of students by school district employees by investigating or arranging for the investigation of an allegation. The processing of a complaint or allegation will be handled confidentially to the maximum extent possible. Employees are required to assist in the investigation when requested to provide information and to maintain the confidentiality of the reporting and investigation process.

The school district has appointed a Level I investigator and alternate Level I investigator. The school district has also arranged for a trained, experienced professional to serve as the Level II investigator. The Level I investigator and alternate will be provided training in the conducting of an investigation at the expense of the school district. The names of the investigators are listed in the student handbook, published annually in the local newspaper and posted in all school facilities.

The superintendent is responsible for drafting administrative regulations to implement this policy.

NOTE: This policy and its accompanying regulation and exhibits are a reflection of current Iowa law regarding abuse of students by school district employees. The last sentence of the third paragraph is mandatory in the law and is an item in the DE accreditation report.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 232.67, .70, .73, .75; 235A; 272A; 280.17; 709; 728.12(1)

(2003).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6), 102; 103. 441 I.A.C. 155; 175. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 275.

Cross Reference:

402.2 Child Abuse Reporting

403.5 Harassment

503.5 Corporal Punishment

Approved <u>11-17-03</u>

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised <u>12-20-10</u>

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES

Complaint of Injury to or Abuse of a Student by a School District Employee

Please complete the following as fully as possible. If you need assistance, contact the Level I investigator in your school.

Student's name and address:		
Student's telephone no.:		
Student's school:		Ţ
N	1	d of shapping ottodomt
Name and place of employment of	imployee accused	1 of abusing student.
	Į.	
Allegation is of	Physical abuse	sexual abuse*
Please describe what happened. Inc	clude the date, tin	ne and where the incident took place, if known. If
physical abuse is alleged, also state		
2 2		
		У
		2
Were there any witnesses to the incid	dent or are there s	students or persons who may have information
about this incident?yes		
If you place list by name if knows	or alassification	n (for example "third grade class," "fourth period
geometry class"):	i, or crassification	I (for example time grade class, fourth period
		1,
(2)		2
*Depents of children who are in are 1	sindergerten three	ugh sixth grade and whose children are the alleged
		to see and hear any interviews of their children in
	10-50	guardian wishes to exercise this right:
Voc. No.	Talanhana Numi	her
Yes No	relephone Num	ber

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES Complaint of Injury to or Abuse of a Student by a School District Employee

Has any professional person examined or tonounknown	treated the student as a result of the incident?yes
If yes, please provide the name and addrest treatment, if known	ess of the professional(s) and the date(s) of examination or
Has anyone contacted law enforcement about	out this incident?yesno
Please provide any additional information additional pages if needed.	you have which would be helpful to the investigator. Attach
Your name, address and telephone number	3 1
Relationship to student:	
Relationship to student.	
Complainant Signature	Witness Signature
Date	Witness Name (please print)
	Witness Address

Be advised that you have the right to contact the police or sheriff's office, the county attorney, a private attorney, or the State Board of Educational Examiners (if the accused is a licensed employee) for investigation of this incident. The filing of this report does not deny you that opportunity.

You will receive a copy of this report (if you are the named student's parent or guardian) and a copy of the Investigator's Report within fifteen calendar days of filing this report unless the investigation is turned over to law enforcement.

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES Report of Level I Investigation

Student's name:						
Student's age:	Student's grade:					
Student's address:						
Student's school:	(3)					
Name of accused school employee:	Building:					
Name and address of person filing re	port:					
Name and address of student's paren	t or guardian, if different from perso	n filing report:				
		T				
	1					
Date report of abuse was filed:						
Allegation is of	Physical abuse	sexual abuse*				
		•				
Describe the nature, extent and cause	of the student's injury, if any and if	known: (Attach additional pages				
if needed).						
2 h						
FI						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		8				
		7				

Describe your investigation: Attach	additional pages if needed. (Please	do not use student witnesses' full				
names.)	Fages at medical (c sense					
		-				
		4				
*Were parent(s) or quardian(s) advise	ed of their right to see and hear any i	nterview of their pre-kindergarten				
*Were parent(s) or guardian(s) advised of their right to see and hear any interview of their pre-kindergarten through sixth grade children who are alleged victims of or a witness in a sexual abuse investigation?						
and again summer will the	The state of the s					
Ves No Wa	s the right exercised? Ves	No				

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES LEVEL I INVESTIGATOR'S REPORT FORM

Were audio	tapes made of any interviews?no
Were video	o tapes made of any interviews?yesno
Was any ac	etion taken to protect the student during or as a result of the investigation?yesno
If yes	, describe:
	student excused from schoolschool employee placed on
· ·	
Level I inv	estigator's conclusions:
	The complaint is being dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.
	Physical abuse was alleged, but no allegation of injury was made.
	Physical abuse was alleged, but no evidence of physical injury exists and the nature of the alleged incident makes it unlikely an injury, as defined in the rules, occurred.
	Sexual abuse was alleged, but the alleged actions of the school employee, even if true, would not meet the definition of sexual abuse in the rules.
	Alleged victim was not a student at the time of the incident.
	Alleged school employee is not currently employed by this school district.
	Alleged incident did not occur on school grounds, on school time, at a school-sponsored activity, nor in a school-related context.
_	The complaint has been investigated and concluded at Level I as unfounded.
	Complaint was withdrawn.
	Insufficient evidence exists that an incident of abuse, as defined in the rules, took place.

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES LEVEL I INVESTIGATOR'S REPORT FORM

-	The complaint has been investigate	ed at Level I and is founded.	
_	The investigation is founded at Level I and is being turned over to Level II for further investigation.		
	Investigation of the complaint was deferred at Level I and referred to law enforcement at this time.		
	The investigation is concluded at Level I because the accused school employee has admitted the violation, has resigned, or has agreed to relinquish any teaching license held.		
Current status of i	nvestigation:		
1,	Closed. No further investigation is warranted.		
8	Closed and referred to school official	ls for further investigation as a personnel matter.	
	Deferred to law enforcement officials	S.	
	Turned over to Level II investigator.	e g	
Other comments			
report, the employ report of the option	vee's supervisor, and the student's parer	restigative report to the employee named in the act or guardian and informed the person filing the rate counsel, or the State Board of Educational	
Sammers, if the	accused school employee holds an low	va teacher's certificate of license.	
Name of investigator (please print)		Investigator's place of employment	
Signature of inve	estigator	Date	

An individual who has knowledge an employee has physically or sexually abused a student may immediately report it to a building administrator who is the school district's Level I investigator. "Employee" means one who works for pay or as a volunteer under the direction and control of the school district. The report is written, signed and witnessed by a person of majority age. The witness may be the Level I investigator. The reporter is the individual filing the report. The report will contain the following:

- · The full name, address, and telephone number of the person filing.
- The full name, age, address, and telephone number, and attendance center of the student.
- The name and place of employment of the employee who allegedly committed the abuse.
- · A concise statement of the facts surrounding the incident, including date, time, and place of occurrence, if known.
- · A list of possible witnesses by name, if known.
- · Names and locations of persons who examined, counseled or treated the student for the alleged abuse, including the dates on which those services were provided, if known.

Upon request, the Level I investigator may assist the reporter in completing the report. An incomplete report will not be rejected unless the missing information would render the investigation futile or impossible. An employee receiving a report of alleged abuse of a student by an employee will pass the report to the investigator and will keep the report confidential to the maximum extent possible. In performing the investigation, the investigator will have access to the educational records of the alleged student victim as well as access to the student for interviewing purposes.

In order for the school district to have jurisdiction over the acts and to constitute a violation of the law, acts of the employee must be alleged to have occurred on school grounds, on school time, at a school-sponsored activity, or in a school-related context. However, the student need not be a student in the school district. The student can be from another school district. To be investigable, the written report must include basic information showing that the victim of the alleged abuse is or was a student at the time of the incident, that the alleged act of the employee resulted in injury or otherwise meets the definition of abuse in these rules, and that the person responsible for the act is currently an employee. If the report is not investigable due to lack of jurisdiction, the investigator will dismiss the complaint and inform the reporter of other options available. Other options available to the reporter include contacting law enforcement authorities, private counsel, or the Board of Educational Examiners in the case of a licensed employee.

If the Level I investigator believes the student is in imminent danger if continued contact is permitted between the employee and the student, the Level I investigator may:

- · temporarily remove the student from contact with the employee;
- · temporarily remove the employee from service; or,
- take other appropriate action to ensure the student's safety.

The Level I investigator will have access to the educational records of the student and access to the student for purposes of interviewing the student about the report.

Physical Abuse Allegations

When physical abuse is reported, the Level I investigator will make copies of the report and give a copy to the person filing the report, the students' parents and the immediate supervisor of the employee named in the report. The employee named in the report will not receive a copy of the report until the employee is initially interviewed.

The Level I investigator will use discretion in handling the information received regarding an investigation of abuse by an employee, and those persons involved in the investigation will not discuss information regarding the complaint outside the investigation. The entire investigative procedure will be thoroughly explained, including the confidential nature of the proceedings, to the student and other persons involved in the investigation.

Within five days of receipt of an investigable report, the Level I investigator will complete an informal investigation. The informal investigation will consist of interviews with the student, the employee and others who may have knowledge of the alleged incident. If the Level I investigator determines that the allegations in the report are founded and that immediate and professional investigation is necessary, the Level I investigator may defer further investigation and contact appropriate law enforcement officials, the student's parents and the person filing the report. Within fifteen days of receipt of the report, the Level I investigator will complete a written investigative report, unless the investigation was temporarily deferred.

The written investigative report will include:

- 1. The name, age, address and attendance center of the student named in the report.
- 2. The name and address of the student's parent or guardian and the name and address of the person filing the report, if different from the student's parent or guardian.
- 3. The name and work address of the employee named in the report as allegedly responsible for the abuse of the student.
- 4. An identification of the nature, extent and cause, if known, of any injuries or abuse to the student named in the report.
- 5. A general review of the investigation.
- 6. Any actions taken for the protection and safety of the student.
- 7. A statement that, in the investigator's opinion, the allegations in the report are either:

 Unfounded. (It is not likely that an incident, as defined in these rules,

took place), or

Founded. (It is likely that an incident took place.)

- 8. The disposition or current status of the investigation.
- 9. A listing of the options available to the parents or guardian of the student to pursue the allegations. These options include, but are not limited to:
 - Contacting law enforcement officials.
 - Contacting private counsel for the purpose of filing a civil suit or complaint.
 - Filing a complaint with the board of educational examiners if the employee is a licensed employee.

The investigator will retain the original and provide a copy of the written investigative report to the school employee named in the report, the employee's supervisor and the student's parent or guardian. The person filing the report, if not the student's parent or guardian, is notified only that the Level I investigation has been concluded and of the disposition or anticipated disposition of the case.

It is the responsibility of the Level I investigator to determine whether it is more likely than not that an incident of abuse as defined in the rules took place between the student and employee. The Level I investigator does not make the determination of whether the use of physical contact was appropriate or whether any of the exceptions apply. That is the responsibility of the Level II investigator. Upon completion of the report, if the Level I investigator determines the allegations of physical abuse are founded and serious, the Level I investigator will notify law enforcement authorities. If the allegations are founded but the physical abuse is not of a serious nature, the Level I investigator will refer the case on to the county sheriff, the Level II investigator.

The Level II investigator will review the Level I investigator's final investigative report and conduct further investigation. The Level II investigative report will state the conclusion as to the occurrence of the alleged incident, the applicability of exceptions, the reason for the contact or force used, and recommendations regarding the need for further investigation. In determining the applicability of the exceptions or the reasonableness of the contact or force used, the Level II investigator will use the following definitions:

Physical abuse is non-accidental physical injury to the student as a result of the action of an employee. Injury occurs when evidence of it is still apparent at least twenty-four hours after its occurrence. The following do not constitute physical abuse, and no employee is prohibited from:

- a. Using reasonable and necessary force, not designed or intended to cause pain:
 - (1) To quell a disturbance or prevent an act that threatens physical harm to any person.
 - (2) To obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object within a pupil's control.

- (3) For the purposes of self-defense of defense of others as provided for in <u>Iowa Code</u> § 704.3.
- (4) For the protection of property as provided for in <u>Iowa Code</u> §§ 704.4, .5.
- (5) To remove a disruptive pupil from class, or any area of school premises or from school-sponsored activities off school premises.
 - (6) To prevent a student from the self-infliction of harm.
 - (7) To protect the safety of others.
- b. Using incidental, minor, or reasonable physical contact to maintain order and control.

In determining the reasonableness of the contact or force used, the following factors are considered:

- a. The nature of the misconduct of the student, if any, precipitating the physical contact by the school employee.
 - b. The size and physical condition of the student.
 - c. The instrumentality used in making the physical contact.
- d. The motivation of the school employee in initiating the physical contact.
 - e. The extent of injury to the student resulting from the physical contact.

"Reasonable force" is that force and no more which a reasonable person, in like circumstances, would judge to be necessary to prevent an injury or loss and can include deadly force if it is reasonable to believe that such force is necessary to avoid injury or risk to one's life or safety or the life or safety of another, or it is reasonable to believe that such force is necessary to resist a like force or threat.

Upon completion of the Level II investigation, the Level I investigator will forward copies of the Level II investigative report to the employee, the employee's immediate supervisor and the student's parent. The Level I investigator will notify the person filing the report of the current status of the case.

If the Level II investigator's report or law enforcement officials conclude abuse occurred, or the employee admits the violation, or the employee has surrendered the employee's certificate or license, the Level I investigator will file a complaint with the State Board of Educational Examiners. The Level I investigator will also arrange for counseling services for the student if the student or student's parents request counseling services.

Sexual Abuse

Sexual abuse is defined as including sexual acts involving a student, acts that encourage the student to engage in prostitution, as well as inappropriate, intentional sexual behavior or sexual harassment by the employee toward a student. "Sexual harassment" is defined as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- 1. Submission to the conduct is made either implicitly or explicitly a term or condition of the student's education or benefits;
- 2. Submission to or rejection of the conduct is used as the basis for academic decisions affecting that student; or
- The conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with a student's academic performance by creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive education environment.

When sexual abuse is reported, the Level I investigator will make copies of the report and give a copy to the person filing the report, the students' parents and the immediate supervisor of the employee named in the report. The employee named in the report will not receive a copy of the report until the employee is initially interviewed. The designated investigator will not interview the school employee named in a report of sexual abuse until after a determination is made that jurisdiction exists, the alleged victim has been interviewed and a determination made that the investigation will not be deferred.

The investigator will notify the parent, guardian or legal custodian of a student in prekindergarten through grade six, of the date and time of the interview and of the right to be present or to see and hear the interview or send a representative in the parent's place. The Level I investigator will interview the student as soon as possible, but in no case later than five days from the receipt of a report or notice of the allegation of sexual abuse. The Level I investigator may record the interview electronically.

The Level I investigator will exercise discretion in the investigative process to preserve the privacy interests of the individuals involved. To the maximum extent possible, the investigator will maintain the confidentiality of the report.

It is the responsibility of the Level I investigator to determine whether it is more likely than not that an incident took place between the employee and the student. If the Level I investigator believes the employee committed a sex act with a student or sexually exploited a student, the Level I investigator will defer the Level I investigation and immediately notify law enforcement officials, the student's parents and the person filing the report.

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES REGULATION

If the Level I investigator determines an incident occurred, while not an illegal sex act with a student or sexual exploitation of a student, but where the employee engaged in inappropriate, intentional sexual behavior, further investigation is warranted. If further investigation is warranted, the Level I investigator may proceed to interview the employee and other individuals who may have knowledge of the circumstances contained in the report. Prior to interviewing other individuals who may have knowledge of the circumstance contained in the report, the Level I investigator will provide notice of the impending interview of student witnesses or the student who is in prekindergarten through grade six, to their parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and may provide notice to the parent or guardian of older students, prior to interviewing those students. The Level I investigator shall, if founded, arrange for the Level II investigator to further investigate the allegations.

Within fifteen days of receipt of the report or notice of alleged sexual abuse, the Level I investigator will complete a written investigative report unless the investigation was temporarily deferred. The written investigative report will include:

- 1. The name, age, address and attendance center of the student named in the report.
- 2. The name and address of the student's parent or guardian and the name and address of the person filing the report, if different from the student's parent or guardian.
- 3. The name and work address of the school employee named in the report as allegedly responsible for the abuse of the student.
- 4. An identification of the nature, extent and cause, if known, of any injuries or abuse to the student named in the report.
- 5. A general review of the investigation.
- 6. Any actions taken for the protection and safety of the student.
- 7. A statement that, in the investigator's opinion, the allegations in the report are either:
 - Unfounded. (It is not likely that an incident, as defined in these rules, took place), or
 - Founded. (It is likely that an incident took place.)
- 8. The disposition or current status of the investigation.
- 9. A listing of the options available to the parents or guardian of the student to pursue the allegations. These options include, but are not limited to:
 - Contacting law enforcement officials.
 - · Contacting private counsel for the purpose of filing a civil suit or complaint.
 - Filing a complaint with the board of educational examiners if the school employee is certificated.

The investigator will retain the original and provide a copy of the investigative report to the school employee named in the report, the school employee's supervisor and the named student's parent or guardian. The person filing the report, if not the student's parent or guardian, is notified only that the Level I investigation has been concluded and of the disposition or anticipated disposition of the case.

ABUSE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES REGULATION

If the allegations are founded, the Level I investigation will refer the case to the Level II investigator. The Level II investigator will review the Level I investigator's final investigative report and conduct further investigation if necessary. The Level II investigative report will state conclusively as to the occurrence of the alleged incident, conclusively as to the nature of the sexual abuse and recommendations regarding the need for further investigation. Upon completion of the Level II investigation, the Level I investigator will forward copies of the Level II investigative report to the employee, the employee's immediate supervisor and the student's parent. The Level I investigator will notify the person filing the report of the current status of the case.

If the Level II investigator's report or law enforcement officials conclude sexual abuse occurred, or the employee admits the violation, or the employee has surrendered the employee's certificate or license, the Level I investigator will file a complaint on behalf of the district after obtaining the superintendent's signature with the State Board of Educational Examiners. The Level I investigator will also arrange for counseling services for the student if the student or student's parents request counseling services.

In cases involving founded physical or sexual abuse by a licensed employee, the board will notify the Board of Educational Examiners. Information of unfounded abuse at Level I or Level II will not be kept in the employee's personnel file. If the Level I investigative report is founded but Level II is unfounded, then the Level I report is removed from the employee's permanent file.

It is the responsibility of the board to annually identify a Level I and Level II investigator. The board will also designate annually an alternate Level I investigator, preferably of the opposite sex of the designated Level I investigator, to whom reports may also be made. The names and telephone numbers of the Level I investigator and the alternate Level I investigator is included in employee handbooks, student handbooks, annually published in the local newspaper, and prominently displayed in all school buildings.

GIFTS TO EMPLOYEES

Employees may receive a gift on behalf of the school district. Employees will not, either directly or indirectly, solicit, accept or receive any gift, series of gifts or an honorarium unless the donor does not meet the definition of "restricted donor" stated below or the gift or honorarium does not meet the definition of gift or honorarium stated below.

A "restricted donor" is defined as a person or other entity which:

- · Is seeking to be, or is a party to, any one or any combination of sales, purchases, leases or contracts to, from or with the school district;
- Will be directly and substantially affected financially by the performance or nonperformance of the employee's official duty in a way that is greater than the effect on the public generally or on a substantial class of persons to which the person belongs as a member of a profession, occupation, industry or region; or
- · Is a lobbyist or a client of a lobbyist with respect to matters within the school district's jurisdiction.

A "gift" is the giving of anything of value in return for which something of equal or greater value is not given or received. However, "gift" does not include any of the following:

- Contributions to a candidate or a candidate's committee;
- · Information material relevant to an employee's official function, such as books, pamphlets, reports, documents, periodicals or other information that is recorded in a written, audio or visual format:
- Anything received from a person related within the fourth degree by kinship or marriage, unless the donor is acting as an agent or intermediary for another person not so related;
- An inheritance;
- Anything available or distributed to the general public free of charge without regard to the official status of the employee;
- Items received from a charitable, professional, educational or business organization to which the employee belongs as a dues paying member if the items are given to all members of the organization without regard to an individual member's status or positions held outside of the organization and if the dues paid are not inconsequential when compared to the items received;
- Actual expenses of an employee for food, beverages, travel and lodging for a meeting, which is given in return for participation in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting when the expenses relate directly to the day or days on which the employee has participation or presentation responsibilities;
- Plaques or items of negligible resale value given as recognition for public service;
- · Nonmonetary items with a value of less than three dollars that are received from any one donor during one calendar day;
- Items or services solicited or given to a state, national or regional organization in which the state of Iowa or a school district is a member for purposes of a business or educational conference, seminar or other meeting or solicited by or given for the same purposes to state, national or regional government organizations whose memberships and officers are primarily composed of state or local government officials or employees for purposes of a business or educational conference, seminar or other meeting;

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Revised 12-20-10

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS ABOUT EMPLOYEES

The board recognizes situations may arise in the operation of the school district which are of concern to parents and other members of the school district community. While constructive criticism is welcomed, the board desires to support its employees and their actions to free them from unnecessary, spiteful, or negative criticism and complaints that do not offer advice for improvement or change.

The board firmly believes concerns should be resolved at the lowest organizational level by those individuals closest to the concern. Whenever a complaint or concern is brought to the attention of the board it will be referred to the administration to be resolved. Prior to board action however, the following should be completed:

- (a) Matters concerning an individual student, teacher, or other employee should first be addressed to the teacher or employee.
- (b) Unsettled matters from (a) above or problems and questions about individual attendance centers should be addressed to the employee's building principal for licensed employees and the superintendent for classified employees.
- (c) Unsettled matters regarding licensed employees from (b) above or problems and questions concerning the school district should be directed to the superintendent.
- (d) If a matter cannot be settled satisfactorily by the superintendent, it may then be brought to the board. To bring a concern regarding an employee, the individual may notify the board president in writing, who may bring it to the attention of the entire board, or the item may be placed on the board agenda of a regularly scheduled board meeting in accordance with board policy 214.1.

It is within the discretion of the board to address complaints from the members of the school district community, and the board will only do so if they are in writing, signed, and the complainant has complied with this policy.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code § 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

210.8 Board Meeting Agenda

213 Public Participation in Board Meetings

307 Communication Channels

Approved <u>11-17-03</u>

Revised 12-20-10

EMPLOYEE OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

The board believes the primary responsibility of employees is to the duties of their position within the school district as outlined in their job description. The board considers an employee's duties as part of a regular, full-time position as full-time employment. The board expects such employees to give the responsibilities of their positions in the school district precedence over any other employment.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to counsel employees, whether full-time or part-time, if, in the judgment of the superintendent and the employee's immediate supervisor, the employee's outside employment interferes with the performance of the employee's duties required in the employee's position within the school district.

The board may request the employee to cease the outside employment as a condition of continued employment with the school district.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.7; 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.2 Employee Conflict of Interest

408.3 Licensed Employee Tutoring

Approved 11-17-03

Revised __12-20-10

EMPLOYEE TELEPHONE CALLS

The board recognizes the need of its employees from time to time to receive and make telephone or cellphone calls during working hours. Employees may receive telephone calls during lunches, breaks, or free periods. Employees may receive an emergency telephone call at any time.

A telephone is available in most classrooms. Employees may use these telephones during free time to make necessary telephone calls during working hours. The telephone may only be used for local telephone calls; all other calls must be charged to the employee's code, home telephone number or to the employee's telephone credit card.

It shall be the responsibility of the employee to exercise discretion in making and receiving telephone calls during working hours. It shall be the responsibility of the administration to ensure this policy is not abused by any employee.

Any requirements stated in the master contract between school district personnel and the board shall be followed regarding telephone calls of school district personnel which are part of a collective bargaining unit.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.9 Use of School District Facilities & Equipment by Employees

Approved 11-10-03

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 12-16-09

SOLICITATIONS FROM OUTSIDE

Generally, employees should be free from solicitations at their place of employment. No organization or individuals, including employees, may solicit or distribute flyers or other materials within school district facilities or on school district grounds without the approval of the superintendent.

No employee shall be made responsible, or assume responsibility, for the collection of money or the distribution of fund drive literature within the school district unless such activity is voluntary and has been approved by the superintendent.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.15 Employee Political Activity

504.6 Student Fund-Raising

905 Community Activities Involving Students

Approved 11-17-03

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised 12-20-10

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Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.15 Employee Political Activity

504.6 Student Fund-Raising

905 Community Activities Involving Students

Approved 11-10-03

Reviewed __11-16-06

Revised 12-16-09

EMPLOYEE PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

The Hamburg Community School District believes good health is important to job performance. School bus drivers will present evidence of good health upon initial hire and every other year in the form of a physical examination report, unless otherwise required by law or medical opinion. Employees whose physical or mental health, in the judgment of the administration, may be in doubt will submit to additional examinations, when requested to do so, at the expense of the school district.

The cost of the initial examination will be paid by the Hamburg Community School District. The form indicating the employee is able to perform the duties, with or without reasonable accommodation, for which the employee was hired, must be returned prior to the performance of duties. The cost of bus driver renewal physicals will be paid by the school district up to a maximum of \$165. The school district will provide the standard examination form to be completed by the personal physician of the employee or a certified medical examiner for bus drivers.

Employees whose physical or mental health, in the judgment of the administration, may be in doubt will submit to additional examinations to the extent job-related and consistent with business necessity, when requested to do so, at the expense of the school district.

The district will comply with occupational safety and health requirements as applicable to its employees in accordance with law.

Legal Reference:

29 C.F.R. § 1910.1030.

49 C.F.R. §§ 391.41 – 391.49. Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8; 321.376.

281 I.A.C. 43.15; 43.17.

Cross Reference:

403

Employees' Health and Well-Being

Approved _12-20-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

EMPLOYEE INJURY ON THE JOB

When an employee becomes seriously injured on the job, the building principal will notify a member of the family, or an individual of close relationship, as soon as the building principal becomes aware of the injury.

If possible, an employee may administer emergency or minor first aid. An injured employee will be turned over to the care of the employee's family or qualified medical employees as quickly as possible. The school district is not responsible for medical treatment of an injured employee.

It is the responsibility of the employee injured on the job to inform the superintendent within twenty-four hours of the occurrence. It is the responsibility of the employee's immediate supervisor to file an accident report within twenty-four hours after the employee reported the injury.

It is the responsibility of the employee to file claims, such as workers' compensation, through the business secretary.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 85; 279.40; 613.17 (2001). 1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 177.	
Cross Reference:	 403 Employees' Health and Well-Being 409.2 Licensed Employee Personal Illness Leave 414.2 Classified Employee Personal Illness Leave 	
Approved 12-20-10	Reviewed Revised	22

The Disease

Hepatitis B is a viral infection caused by the Hepatitis B virus (HBV) which causes death in 1-2% of those infected. Most people with HBV recover completely, but approximately 5-10% become chronic carriers of the virus. Most of these people have no symptoms, but can continue to transmit the disease to others. Some may develop chronic active hepatitis and cirrhosis. HBV may be a causative factor in the development of liver cancer. Immunization against HBV can prevent acute hepatitis and its complications.

The Vaccine

The HBV vaccine is produced from yeast cells. It has been extensively tested for safety and effectiveness in large scale clinical trials.

Approximately 90 percent of healthy people who receive two doses of the vaccine and a third dose as a booster achieve high levels of surface antibody (anti-HBs) and protection against the virus. The HBV vaccine is recommended for workers with potential for contact with blood or body fluids. Full immunization requires three doses of the vaccine over a six-month period, although some persons may not develop immunity even after three doses.

There is no evidence that the vaccine has ever caused Hepatitis B. However, persons who have been infected with HBV prior to receiving the vaccine may go on to develop clinical hepatitis in spite of immunization.

Dosage and Administration

The vaccine is given in three intramuscular doses in the deltoid muscle. Two initial doses are given one month apart and the third dose is given six months after the first.

Possible Vaccine Side Effects

The incidence of side effects is very low. No serious side effects have been reported with the vaccine. Ten to 20 percent of persons experience tenderness and redness at the site of injection and low grade fever. Rash, nausea, joint pain, and mild fatigue have also been reported. The possibility exists that other side effects may be identified with more extensive use.

CONSENT FORM OF HEPATITIS B VACCINATION

I have knowledge of Hepatitis B and the Hepatitis B vaccination. I have had an opportunity to ask questions of a qualified nurse or physician and understand the benefits and risks of Hepatitis B vaccination. I understand that I must have three doses of the vaccine to obtain immunity. However, as with all medical treatment, there is no guarantee that I will become immune or that I will not experience side effects from the vaccine. I give my consent to be vaccinated for Hepatitis B.

Signature of Employee (consent for Hepatitis B vaccination)	Date		
Signature of Witness	Date		

REFUSAL FORM OF HEPATITIS B VACCINATION

I understand that due to my occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials I may be at risk of acquiring the Hepatitis B virus infection. I have been given the opportunity to be vaccinated with Hepatitis B vaccine at no charge to myself. However, I decline the Hepatitis B vaccination at this time. I understand that by declining this vaccine, I continue to be at risk of acquiring Hepatitis B, a serious disease. If in the future I continue to have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials and I want to be vaccinated with the Hepatitis B vaccine, I can receive the vaccination series at no charge to me.

Signature of Employee (refusal for Hepatitis B vaccination)	Date	
Signature of Witness	Date	

Signature of Witness	Date	
I refuse because I believe I have (check one)		
started the series completed the series		

RELEASE FORM FOR HEPATITIS B MEDICAL INFORMATION

I hereby authorize	(individual or organization holding Hepatitis B records and
address) to release to the	Community School District, my Hepatitis B vaccination
records for required employee records.	
I hereby authorize release of my Hepatitis incident.	B status to a health care provider, in the event of an exposure
Signature of Employee	Date
Signature of Witness	Date

CONFIDENTIAL RECORD

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Employee Name (last, first, middle)				Social Securit	y No.	
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	Hepatitis B V	accination Date	1.1	Lot Number	Site	Administered by
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2						
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Training Recor	d: (date, time, instru	actor, location of training su	immary)	
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UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS REGULATION

Universal precautions (UP) are intended to prevent transmission of infection, as well as decrease the risk of exposure for employees and students. It is not currently possible to identify all infected individuals, thus precautions must be used with every individual. UP pertain to blood and other potentially infectious materials (OPIM) containing blood. These precautions do not apply to other body fluids and wastes (OBFW) such as saliva, sputum, feces, tears, nasal secretions, vomitus and urine unless blood is visible in the material. However, these OBFW can be sources of other infections and should be handled as if they are infectious. The single most important step in preventing exposure to and transmission of any infection is anticipating potential contact with infectious materials in routine as well as emergency situations. Based on the type of possible contact, employees and students should be prepared to use the appropriate precautions prior to the contact. Diligent and proper hand washing, the use of barriers, appropriate disposal of waste products and needles, and proper decontamination of spills are essential techniques of infection control. All individuals should respond to situations practicing UP followed by the activation of the school response team plan. Using common sense in the application of these measures will enhance protection of employees and students.

Hand Washing

Proper hand washing is crucial to preventing the spread of infection. Textured jewelry on the hands or wrists should be removed prior to washing and kept off until completion of the procedure and the hands are rewashed. Use of running water, lathering with soap and using friction to clean all hand surfaces is key. Rinse well with running water and dry hands with paper towels.

- · Hands should be washed before physical contact with individuals and after contact is completed.
- · Hands should be washed after contact with any used equipment.
- If hands (or other skin) come into contact with blood or body fluids, hands should be washed immediately before touching anything else.
- · Hands should be washed whether gloves are worn or not and, if gloves are worn, after the gloves are removed.

Barriers

Barriers anticipated to be used at school include disposable gloves, absorbent materials and resuscitation devices. Their use is intended to reduce the risk of contact with blood and body fluids as well as to control the spread of infectious agents from individual to individual. Gloves should be worn when in contact with blood, OPIM or OBFW. Gloves should be removed without touching the outside and disposed of after each use.

Disposal of Waste

Blood, OPIM, OBFW, used gloves, barriers and absorbent materials should be placed in a plastic bag and disposed of in the usual procedure. When the blood or OPIM is liquid, semi-liquid or caked with dried blood, it is not absorbed in materials, and is capable of releasing the substance if compressed, special disposal as regulated waste is required. A band aid, towel, sanitary napkin or other absorbed waste that does not have the potential of releasing the waste if compressed would not be considered regulated waste. It is anticipated schools would only have regulated waste in the case of a severe incident. Needles, syringes and other sharp disposable objects should be placed in special puncture-proof containers and

disposed of as regulated waste. Bodily wastes such as urine, vomitus or feces should be disposed of in the sanitary sewer system.

UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS REGULATION

Clean up

Spills of blood and OPIM should be cleaned up immediately. The employee should:

- Wear gloves.
- · Clean up the spill with paper towels or other absorbent material.
- Use a solution of one part household bleach to one hundred parts of water (1:100) or other EPA-approved disinfectant and use it to wash the area well.
- · Dispose of gloves, soiled towels and other waste in a plastic bag.
- · Clean and disinfect reusable supplies and equipment.

Laundry

Laundry with blood or OPIM should be handled as little as possible with a minimum of agitation. It should be bagged at the location. If it has the potential of releasing the substance when compacted, regulated waste guidelines should be followed. Employees who have contact with this laundry should wear protective barriers.

Exposure

An exposure to blood or OPIM through contact with broken skin, mucous membrane or by needle or sharp stick requires immediate washing, reporting and follow-up.

- · Always wash the exposed area immediately with soap and water.
- If a mucous membrane splash (eye or mouth) or exposure of broken skin occurs, irrigate or wash the area thoroughly.
- · If a cut or needle stick injury occurs, wash the area thoroughly with soap and water.

The exposure should be reported immediately, the parent or guardian is notified, and the person exposed contacts a physician for further health care.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES - EMPLOYEES

Employees with a communicable disease will be allowed to perform their customary employment duties provided they are able to perform the essential functions of their position and their presence does not create a substantial risk of illness or transmission to students or other employees. The term "communicable disease" will mean an infectious or contagious disease spread from person to person, or animal to person, or as defined by law.

Prevention and control of communicable diseases is included in the school district's bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan. The procedures will include scope and application, definitions, exposure control, methods of compliance, universal precautions, vaccination, post-exposure evaluation, follow-up, communication of hazards to employees and record keeping. This plan is reviewed annually by the superintendent and school nurse.

The health risk to immunodepressed employees is determined by their personal physician. The health risk to others in the school district environment from the presence of an employee with a communicable disease is determined on a case-by-case basis by the employee's personal physician, a physician chosen by the school district or public health officials.

Health data of an employee is confidential and it will not be disclosed to third parties. Employee medical records are kept in a file separate from their personal file.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the school nurse, to develop administrative regulations stating the procedures for dealing with employees with a communicable disease.

NOTE: This policy is consistent with current health practices regarding communicable diseases. The bloodborne pathogen language in the second paragraph and accompanying regulation is in compliance with federal law on control of bloodborne pathogens.

Legal Reference:

School Board of Nassau County v. Arline, 480 U.S. 273 (1987).

29 U.S.C. §§ 794, 1910 (2012). 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq. (2012).

45 C.F.R. Pt. 84.3 (2012).

Iowa Code chs. 139(a); 141(a) (2013).

641 I.A.C. 1.2-.7.

Cross Reference:

401.5 Employee Records

403.1 Employee Physical Examinations507.3 Communicable Diseases - Students

Approved 12-20-10

Revised _____

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL DISCLOSURE

The board authorizes the development of a comprehensive hazardous chemical communication program for the school district to disseminate information about hazardous chemicals in the workplace.

Each employee will annually review information about hazardous substances in the workplace. When a new employee is hired or transferred to a new position or work site, the information and training, if necessary, is included in the employee's orientation. When an additional hazardous substance enters the workplace, information about it is distributed to all employees, and training is conducted for the appropriate employees. The superintendent will maintain a file indicating which hazardous substances are present in the workplace and when training and information sessions take place.

Employees who will be instructing or otherwise working with students will disseminate information about the hazardous chemicals with which they will be working as part of the instructional program.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this program.

NOTE: This policy reflects current law on employees' right to know about hazardous substances in the workplace.

egal	Reference:	29 C.F
LCEAI	iccici ciicc.	29 0.1

29 C.F.R. Pt. 1910; 1200 et seq. (1999).

Iowa Code chs. 88; 89B (1999).

347 I.A.C. 120.

Cross Reference:

403

Employees' Health and Well-Being

804 Safety Program

Approved	12-20-10	Reviewed	7-24-17	Revised
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EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAM

The board recognizes the contribution of good health to the performance and well-being of the employee and the school district. The board supports and encourages a wellness program.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the school nurse, to develop, oversee, and maintain a wellness program.

Legal Referen	nce:	Iowa	Code § 279.8	(2003).			
Cross Referen	nce:	403	Employees	' Health and	Well-Being		
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Approved _	12-20-10)	Reviewed _	7-24-17	E	_Revised	

DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING PROGRAM

Employees who operate school vehicles are subject to drug and alcohol testing if a commercial driver's license is required to operate the school vehicle and the school vehicle transports sixteen or more persons including the driver or the school vehicle weighs twenty-six thousand one pounds or more. For purposes of the drug and alcohol testing program, the term "employees" includes applicants who have been offered a position to operate a school vehicle.

The employees operating a school vehicle as described above are subject to pre-employment drug testing and random, reasonable suspicion and post-accident drug and alcohol testing. Employees operating school vehicles will not perform a safety-sensitive function within four hours of using alcohol. Employees governed by this policy are subject to the drug and alcohol testing program beginning the first day they operate or are offered a position to operate school vehicles and continue to be subject to the drug and alcohol testing program as long as they may be required to perform a safety-sensitive function as it is defined in the administrative regulations. Employees with questions about the drug and alcohol testing program may contact the school district contact person, Superintendent, 309 S Street, Hamburg, Iowa.

Employees who violate the terms of this policy are subject to discipline, up to and, including termination.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations to implement this policy in compliance with the law. The superintendent will inform applicants of the requirement for drug and alcohol testing in notices or advertisements for employment.

The superintendent will also be responsible for publication and dissemination of this policy and supporting administrative regulations and forms to employees operating school vehicles. The superintendent will also oversee a substance-free awareness program to educate employees about the dangers of substance abuse and notify them of available substance abuse treatment resources and programs.

IASB Drug and Alcohol Testing Program (IDATP) Web site: http://www.ia-sb.org/MemberBenefits.aspx?id=304

Approved	12-20-10
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Reviewed <u>8-10-17</u>

Revised _____

DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING PROGRAM

The Hamburg Community School District will pay for drug and alcohol testing of transportation employees.

The employees operating a school vehicle as described above are subject to pre-employment drug testing and random, reasonable suspicion, post-accident, return-to-duty and follow-up drug and alcohol testing. Information about resources for a substance-free awareness program and related services may be obtained from the school district's employee assistance program, the Department of Education at (515) 281-3021 or Department of Health, Substance Abuse Division at (515) 281-3641. For regulations and forms,

http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/rules-regulations/topics/drug/drug.htm? The superintendent is responsible for administering and monitoring the drug and alcohol testing program. Any questions pertaining to the program should be address to: Superintendent of Schools, 309 S Street, Hamburg, Iowa.

Employees who violate the terms of this policy may be subject to discipline up to and including termination at the discretion of the school district. Employees who violate this policy, as a condition of continued employment, will be required to successfully participate in a substance abuse evaluation and a substance abuse treatment program, recommended by the substance abuse professional. Employees required to participate in and who fail to or refuse to successfully participate in a substance abuse evaluation or recommended substance abuse treatment program may be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Legal Reference:

American Trucking Association, Inc., v. Federal Highway Administration, 51 Fed. 3rd 405 Cir.

(4th 1995).

49 U.S.C. §§ 5331 et seq. (2012).

42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 (2012).

41 U.S.C. §§ 81 (2012).

49 C.F.R. Pt. 40; 382; 391 (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 85 (2012).

Local 301, Internat'l Assoc. of Fire Fighters, AFL-CIO, and City of Burlington, PERB No.

3876 (3-26-91).

Iowa Code §§ 124; 279.8; 321.375(2); 730.5 (2013).

Cross Reference:

403.5 Substance-Free Workplace

409.2 Licensed Employee Personal Illness Leave

414.2 Classified Employee Personal Illness Leave

CERTIFICATION OF PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS REQUIRING A COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE

Name	Social Security Number				
	ollowing employers during the two years prior to the date stated be reial driver's license (CDL) during the term of my employment.				
Company	Phone				
Address					
City /State/Zip					
Company	Phone				
Address					
City /State/Zip					
Company	Phone				
Address					
City /State/Zip					
Company	Phone				
Address					
City /State/Zip					
Company	Phone				
Address					
City /State/Zip					
	1				
Signature	Date				

DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING PROGRAM PRE-EMPLOYMENT DRUG TEST ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

,, have been informed of the requirement to submit to a drug test prior to being	
(Name of Applicant),	
imployed by the school district to perform a safety-sensitive function. I consent to submit to the drug and alcohol	1
esting program as required by the Drug and Alcohol Testing Program policy, its supporting documents and the la	aw.
understand that the results of my drug test will be shared with the school district. I also understand that if I have	a
positive drug test result, I will not be considered further for employment with the school district.	
further understand that the drug and alcohol testing records and information about me is confidential, and may be	oe .
eleased at my request or in accordance with the law.	
Cionatura of Amiliaant)	
Signature of Applicant) (Date)	
NOTE: This consent form gives the school district the ability to conduct the pre-employment drug test as well as	

receive the results. In addition to completing this form the applicant must complete the Drug/Alcohol Test Notification

form.

EMPLOYEE CONDUCT AND APPEARANCE

Employees are role models for the students who come in contact with them during and after school hours. The board recognizes the positive effect employees can have on students in this capacity. To this end, the board strongly suggests and encourages employees to dress themselves, groom themselves and conduct themselves in a manner appropriate to the educational environment.

Employees will conduct themselves in a professional manner. Employees will dress in attire appropriate for their position. Clothing should be neat, clean, and in good taste. Discretion and common sense call for an avoidance of extremes which would interfere with or have an effect on the educational process.

Licensed employees of the school district, including administrators, will follow the code of ethics for their profession as established by the Iowa Board of Educational Examiners.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013). 282 I.A.C. 13.25, .26.					
Cross Reference:	104 Ant	i-Bullyi	ng/Harassment			
	305 Adn	Administrator Code of Ethics				
	401.11 Emp	401.11 Employee Orientation				
	403.5 Sub	Substance-Free Workplace				
	407 Lice	Licensed Employee Termination of Employment				
8	413 Clas	sified E	Employee Term	ination of Employment		
Approved12-8-03	Rev	iewed _	7-24-17	Revised		

CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND ETHICS REGULATION

chapter 25

282-25.1(272) Scope of standards.

This code of professional conduct and ethics constitutes mandatory minimum standards of practice for all licensed practitioners as defined in Iowa Code chapter 272. The adherence to certain professional and ethical standards is essential to maintaining the integrity of the education profession.

282—25.2 (272) Definitions. Except where otherwise specifically defined by law:

- "Administrative and supervisory personnel" means any licensed employee such as superintendent, associate superintendent, assistant superintendent, principal, associate principal, assistant principal, or other person who does not have as a primary duty the instruction of pupils in the schools.
- "Board" means the Iowa board of educational examiners.
- "Discipline" means the process of sanctioning a license, certificate or authorization issued by the board.
- "Ethics" means a set of principles governing the conduct of all persons governed by these rules.
- "Fraud" means knowingly providing false information or representations on an application for licensure or employment, or knowingly providing false information or representations made in connection with the discharge of duties.
- "License" means any license, certificate, or authorization granted by the board.
- "Licensee" means any person holding a license, certificate, or authorization granted by the board.
- "Practitioner" means an administrator, teacher, or other school personnel, who provides educational assistance to students and who holds a license, certificate, or other authorization issued by the board.
- "Responsibility" means a duty for which a person is accountable by virtue of licensure.
- "Right" means a power, privilege, or immunity secured to a person by law.
- "Student" means a person, regardless of age, enrolled in a prekindergarten through grade 12 school, who is receiving direct or indirect assistance from a person licensed by the board.
- "Teacher" means any person engaged in the instructional program for prekindergarten through grade 12 children, including a person engaged in teaching, administration, and supervision, and who is required by law to be licensed for the position held.

282-25.3 (272) Standards of professional conduct and ethics.

Licensees are required to abide by all federal, state, and local laws applicable to the fulfillment of professional obligations. Violation of federal, state, or local laws in the fulfillment of professional obligations constitutes unprofessional and unethical conduct which can result in disciplinary action by the board. In addition, it is hereby deemed unprofessional and unethical for any licensee to violate any of the following standards of professional conduct and ethics:

25.3(1) Standard I—conviction of crimes, sexual or other immoral conduct with or toward a student, and child and dependent adult abuse. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Fraud. Fraud in the procurement or renewal of a practitioner's license.
- b. Criminal convictions. The commission of or conviction for a criminal offense as defined by Iowa law or the laws of any other state or of the United States, provided that the offense is relevant to or affects teaching or administrative performance.
 - (1) Disqualifying criminal convictions. The board shall deny an application for licensure and shall revoke a previously issued license if the applicant or licensee has, on or after July 1, 2002, been convicted of, has pled guilty to, or has been found guilty of the following

criminal offenses, regardless of whether the judgment of conviction or sentence was deferred:

CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND ETHICS REGULATION

- 1. Any of the following forcible felonies included in Iowa Code section 702.11: child endangerment, assault, murder, sexual abuse, or kidnapping;
- 2. Any of the following criminal sexual offenses, as provided in Iowa Code chapter 709, involving a child:
 - First-, second- or third-degree sexual abuse committed on or with a person who is under the age of 18;
 - · Lascivious acts with a child;
 - · Detention in a brothel;
 - · Assault with intent to commit sexual abuse;
 - · Indecent contact with a child;
 - Sexual exploitation by a counselor;
 - · Lascivious conduct with a minor; or,
 - Sexual exploitation by a school employee;
- 3. Incest involving a child as prohibited by Iowa Code section 726.2;
- 4. Dissemination and exhibition of obscene material to minors as prohibited by Iowa Code section 728.2; or
- 5. Telephone dissemination of obscene material to minors as prohibited by Iowa Code section 728.15.
- (2) Other criminal convictions and founded child abuse. In determining whether a person should be denied a license or whether a licensee should be disciplined based upon any other criminal conviction, including a conviction for an offense listed in 25.3(1) "b" (1) which occurred before July 1, 2002, or a founded report of abuse of a child, the board shall consider:
 - 1. The nature and seriousness of the crime or founded abuse in relation to the position sought:
 - 2. The time elapsed since the crime or founded abuse was committed;
 - 3. The degree of rehabilitation which has taken place since the crime or founded abuse was committed;
 - 4. The likelihood that the person will commit the same crime or abuse again;
 - 5. The number of criminal convictions or founded abuses committed; and
 - 6. Such additional factors as may in a particular case demonstrate mitigating circumstances or heightened risk to public safety.
- c. Sexual involvement or indecent contact with a student. Sexual involvement includes, but is not limited to, the following acts, whether consensual or nonconsensual: fondling or touching the inner thigh, groin, buttocks, anus or breasts of a student; permitting or causing to fondle or touch the practitioner's inner thigh, groin, buttocks, anus, or breasts; or the commission of any sex act as defined in Iowa Code section 702.17.
- d. Sexual exploitation of a minor. The commission of or any conviction for an offense prohibited by Iowa Code section 728.12, Iowa Code chapter 709 or 18 U.S.C. Section 2252A(a)(5)(B).
- e. Student abuse. Licensees shall maintain professional relationships with all students, both inside and outside the classroom. The following acts or behavior constitutes unethical conduct without regard to the existence of a criminal charge or conviction:

CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND ETHICS REGULATION

- (1) Committing any act of physical abuse of a student;
- (2) Committing any act of dependent adult abuse on a dependent adult student;
- (3) Committing or soliciting any sexual or otherwise indecent act with a student or any minor;
- (4) Soliciting, encouraging, or consummating a romantic or otherwise inappropriate relationship with a student;
- (5) Furnishing alcohol or illegal or unauthorized drugs or drug paraphernalia to any student or knowingly allowing a student to consume alcohol or illegal or unauthorized drugs in the presence of the licensee; or
- (6) Failing to report any suspected act of child or dependent adult abuse as required by state law.

25.3(2) Standard II—alcohol or drug abuse. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Being on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity involving students while under the influence of, possessing, using, or consuming illegal or unauthorized drugs or abusing legal drugs.
- b. Being on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity involving students while under the influence of, possessing, using, or consuming alcohol.

25.3(3) Standard III—misrepresentation, falsification of information. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Falsifying or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting material information regarding professional qualifications, criminal history, college credit, staff development credit, degrees, academic award, or employment history when applying for employment or licensure.
- b. Falsifying or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting material information regarding compliance reports submitted to federal, state, and other governmental agencies.
- c. Falsifying or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting material information submitted in the course of an official inquiry or investigation.
- d. Falsifying any records or information submitted to the board in compliance with the license renewal requirements imposed under 282—Chapter 17.
- e. Falsifying or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting material information regarding the evaluation of students or personnel, including improper administration of any standardized tests, including, but not limited to, changing test answers, providing test answers, copying or teaching identified test items, or using inappropriate accommodations or modifications for such tests.

25.3(4) Standard IV—misuse of public funds and property. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Failing to account properly for funds collected that were entrusted to the practitioner in an educational context.
- b. Converting public property or funds to the personal use of the practitioner.
- c. Submitting fraudulent requests for reimbursement of expenses or for pay.
- d. Combining public or school-related funds with personal funds.
- e. Failing to use time or funds granted for the purpose for which they were intended.

25.3(5) Standard V—violations of contractual obligations.

a. Violation of this standard includes:

CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND ETHICS REGULATION

- (1) Signing a written professional employment contract while under contract with another school, school district, or area education agency.
- (2) Asking a practitioner to sign a written professional employment contract before the practitioner has been unconditionally released from a current contract. An administrator shall make a good faith effort to determine whether the practitioner has been released from the current contract.
- (3) Abandoning a written professional employment contract without prior unconditional release by the employer.
- (4) As an employer, executing a written professional employment contract with a practitioner, which requires the performance of duties that the practitioner is not legally qualified to perform.
- (5) As a practitioner, executing a written professional employment contract, which requires the performance of duties that the practitioner is not legally qualified to perform.
- b. In addressing complaints based upon contractual obligations, the board shall consider factors beyond the practitioner's control. For purposes of enforcement of this standard, a practitioner will not be found to have abandoned an existing contract if:
 - (1) The practitioner obtained a release from the employing board before discontinuing services under the contract; or,
 - (2) The practitioner provided notice to the employing board no later than the latest of the following dates:
 - 1. The practitioner's last work day of the school year;
 - 2. The date set for return of the contract as specified in statute; or
 - 3. June 30.

25.3(6) Standard VI—unethical practice toward other members of the profession, parents, students, and the community. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Denying the student, without just cause, access to varying points of view.
- b. Deliberately suppressing or distorting subject matter for which the educator bears responsibility.
- c. Failing to make reasonable effort to protect the health and safety of the student or creating conditions harmful to student learning.
- d. Conducting professional business in such a way that the practitioner repeatedly exposes students or other practitioners to unnecessary embarrassment or disparagement.
- e. Engaging in any act of illegal discrimination, or otherwise denying a student or practitioner participation in the benefits of any program on the grounds of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, marital status, or national origin.
- f. Soliciting students or parents of students to purchase equipment, supplies, or services from the practitioner for the practitioner's personal advantage.
- g. Accepting gifts from vendors or potential vendors where there may be the appearance of or an actual conflict of interest.
- h. Intentionally disclosing confidential information including, but not limited to, unauthorized sharing of information concerning student academic or disciplinary records, health and medical information, assessment or testing results, or family income. Licensees shall comply with state and federal laws and local school board policies relating to the confidentiality of student records, unless disclosure is required or permitted by law.
- i. Refusing to participate in a professional inquiry when requested by the board.

 Aiding, assisting, or abetting an unlicensed person in the completion of acts for which licensure is required.

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CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND ETHICS REGULATION

- k. Failing to self-report to the board within 60 days any founded child abuse report, or any conviction for a criminal offense listed in 25.3(1) "b" (1) which requires revocation of the practitioner's license.
- l. Delegating tasks to unqualified personnel.
- m. Failing to comply with federal, state, and local laws applicable to the fulfillment of professional obligations.
- n. Allowing another person to use one's practitioner license for any purpose.
- o. Performing services beyond the authorized scope of practice for which the individual is licensed or prepared or performing services without holding a valid license.
- p. Falsifying, forging, or altering a license issued by the board.
- q. Failure of the practitioner holding a contract under Iowa Code section 279.13 to disclose to the school official responsible for determining assignments a teaching assignment for which the practitioner is not properly licensed.
- r. Failure of a school official responsible for assigning licensed practitioners holding contracts under Iowa Code section 279.13 to adjust an assignment if the practitioner discloses to the official that the practitioner is not properly licensed for an assignment.

25.3(7) Standard VII—compliance with state law governing student loan obligations and child support obligations. Violation of this standard includes:

- a. Failing to comply with 282—Chapter 9 concerning repayment of student loans.
- b. Failing to comply with 282—Chapter 10 concerning child support obligations.

25.3(8) Standard VIII—incompetence. Violation of this standard includes, but is not limited to:

- a. Willfully or repeatedly departing from or failing to conform to the minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing educational practice in the state of Iowa.
- b. Willfully or repeatedly failing to practice with reasonable skill and safety.

code of rights and responsibilities REGULATION

chapter 26

282—26.1 (272) Purpose. The code of professional conduct and ethics in 282—Chapter 25 defines unprofessional and unethical conduct justifying disciplinary sanction. The board acknowledges that the discharge of professional obligations should occur in recognition of certain fundamental rights and responsibilities. Accordingly, the board recognizes the following rights and responsibilities of all educators licensed under Iowa Code chapter 272 and agrees that the exercise of these rights and responsibilities may present mitigating facts and circumstances in the board's evaluation of allegations of unprofessional or unethical conduct.

282—26.2 (272) Rights. Educators licensed under Iowa Code chapter 272 have the following rights:

- 1. The educator has a right to be licensed and endorsed under professional standards established and enforced by the board.
- 2. The educator has a right to refuse assignments for which the educator is not legally authorized, in terms of holding a valid Iowa license with the appropriate endorsement(s) or approval(s).
- 3. The educator has a right, subject to board and administrator authority, to exercise professional judgment in the evaluation, selection, and use of teaching methods and instructional materials appropriate to the needs, abilities, and background of each student.

282—26.3 (272) Responsibilities. Educators licensed under Iowa Code chapter 272 have the following responsibilities:

- 1. The educator has a responsibility to maintain and improve the educator's professional competence.
- 2. The educator has a responsibility to accept only those assignments for which the educator is legally authorized.
- 3. The educator has a responsibility to provide conditions that are conducive to teaching and student learning.
- 4. The educator shall protect students from conditions harmful to learning or to health or safety.
- 5. The educator shall not, without just cause, restrain a student from independent action in the pursuit of learning and shall not, without just cause, deny a student access to varying points of view.
- 6. The educator shall not use professional relationships with students for personal advantage.
- 7. The educator shall not discriminate against any student on the grounds of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, marital status, or national origin.
- 8. The educator shall accord just and equitable treatment to all members of the profession.
- 9. The educator shall keep in confidence personally identifiable information regarding a student or the student's family members that has been obtained in the course of professional service, unless disclosure is required by law or is necessary for the personal safety of the student or others.
- 10. The educator who has reasonable basis to believe that a student has been abused, as defined by law, shall make all reports required by law and the Iowa Administrative Code and which are necessary to ensure the safety and well-being of the student.
- 11. In the administration of discipline, the educator shall treat all students with respect and in compliance with all policies of the school district served by the educator.
- 12. The educator shall provide accurate, truthful, and complete information to the board and to the local education system concerning all licensure transactions.
- 13. The educator shall not refuse to participate in a professional inquiry, when requested by the board.
- 14. The educator shall not require or direct another educator to violate any provisions of the code of professional conduct and ethics or any rights of a student, parent, educator or citizen.

15. The educator shall not delegate assigned tasks to unqualified personnel.

LICENSED EMPLOYEE DEFINED

Licensed employees, including administrators, are those employees required to hold an appropriate license from the Iowa Department of Education for their position as required by the Board of Educational Examiners or others with professional licenses. Licenses required for a position will be considered met if the employee meets the requirements established by the Iowa Department of Education.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to establish job specifications and job descriptions for licensed employees' positions, other than the position of the superintendent. Job descriptions may be approved by the board.

Licensed employees must present evidence of current license to the board secretary prior to payment of salary each year.

Legal Reference:	Clay v. Independent School District of Cedar Falls, 187 Iowa
	89, 174 N.W. 47 (1919).
	Iowa Code §§ 256.7(3); 272.6; 272A; 279.8; 294.1 (2001).
	282 I.A.C. 14.
	281 I.A.C. 12.4; 41.25.
	1940 Op. Att'y Gen. 375.
Cross Reference:	405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment Selection
	410.1 Substitute Teachers
	411.1 Classified Employee Defined
	*
Approved <u>2-16-98</u>	Reviewed Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE QUALIFICATIONS, RECRUITMENT, SELECTION

Persons interested in a licensed position, other than administrative positions which will be employed in accordance with board policies in Series 300, "Administration," will have an opportunity to apply and qualify for licensed positions in the school district in accordance with applicable laws and school district policies regarding equal employment. Job applicants for licensed positions will be considered on the basis of the following:

- · Training, experience, and skill;
- · Nature of the occupation;
- Demonstrated competence; and
- Possession of, or ability to obtain, state license if required for the position.

All job openings shall be submitted to the Iowa Department of Education for posting on TeachIowa, the online state job posting system. Additional announcements of the position may occur in a manner which the superintendent believes will inform potential applicants about the position. Whenever possible, the preliminary screening of applicants will be conducted by the administrator who will be directly supervising and overseeing the person being hired.

The board will employ licensed employees after receiving a recommendation from the superintendent. The superintendent, however, will have the authority to employ a licensed employee on a temporary basis until a recommendation can be made and action can be taken by the board on the position.

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634

42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e, 12101 et seq. Iowa Code §§ 20; 35C; 216; 279.13.

281 I.A.C. 12. 282 I.A.C. 14.

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 367.

Cross Reference:

401.1 Equal Employment Opportunity

405 Licensed Employees - General

410.1 Substitute Teachers

Approved 2-16-98

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTS

The board will enter into a written contract with licensed employees, other than administrators, employed on a regular basis. Each contract will be for a period of one year.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to complete the contracts for licensed employees and present them to the board for approval. The contracts, after being signed by the board president, are returned to the superintendent. The superintendent will obtain the employee's signature. After being signed, the contract is filed with the board secretary.

Legal Reference:

Harris v. Manning Independent School District of Manning, 245 Iowa 1295, 66

N.W.2d 438 (1954).

Shackelford v. District Township of Beaver, Polk County, 203 Iowa 243, 212

N.W. 467 (1927).

Burkhead v. Independent School District of Independence, 107 Iowa 29, 77

N.W. 491 (1898).

Iowa Code chs. 20; 279 (2013).

Cross Reference:

405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

405.4 Licensed Employee Continuing Contracts

407 Licensed Employee Termination of Employment

Approved 2-16-98 Reviewed 7-24-17 Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE CONTINUING CONTRACTS

Contracts entered into with licensed employees, other than an administrator, will continue from year to year except as modified or terminated as provided by law. The board may issue temporary and nonrenewable contracts in accordance with law.

Licensed employees whose contracts will be recommended for termination by the board will receive due process as required by law. The superintendent will make a recommendation to the board for the termination of the licensed employee's contract.

Licensed employees who wish to resign, to be released from a contract, or to retire must comply with applicable law and board policies.

Legal Reference:

Ar-We-Va Community School District v. Long and Henkenius, 292 N.W.2d 402

(Iowa 1980).

<u>Bruton v. Ames Community School District</u>, 291 N.W.2d 351 (Iowa 1980). <u>Hartman v. Merged Area VI Community College</u>, 270 N.W.2d 822 (Iowa

1978).

Keith v. Community School District of Wilton in the Counties of Cedar and

Muscatine, 262 N.W.2d 249 (Iowa 1978).

Iowa Code §§ 272; 279.

Cross Reference:

405.3 Licensed Employee Individual Contracts

405.9 Licensed Employee Probationary Status

407 Licensed Employee Termination of Employment

Approved 2-16-98

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE WORK DAY

The work day for licensed employees will begin each day of the school year at a time established by the superintendent. Licensed employees who are employed only during the academic year will have the same work day as other licensed employees. "Day" is defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of an employee.

Licensed employees are to be in their assigned school building during the work day. Advance approval to be absent from the school building must be obtained from the principal whenever the licensed employees must leave the school building during the work day.

The building principal is authorized to make changes in the work day in order to facilitate the education program. These changes are reported to the superintendent.

The work day outlined in this policy is a minimum work day. Nothing in this policy prohibits licensed employees from working additional hours outside the work day.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8.

Cross Reference:

200.2 Powers of the Board of Directors

Approved __ 2-16-98

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

LICENSED EMPLOYEE ASSIGNMENT

Determining the assignment of each licensed employee is the responsibility of and within the sole discretion of the board. In making such assignments the board will consider the qualifications of each licensed employee and the needs of the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make recommendations to the board regarding the assignment of licensed employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 279.8

Cross Reference:

200.2 Powers of the Board of Directors

Approved 2-16-98

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE TRANSFERS

Determining the location where an employee's assignment will be carried out is the responsibility and within the sole discretion of the board. In making such assignments the board will consider the qualifications of each licensed employee and the needs of the school district.

A transfer may be initiated by the employee, the principal, or the superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make recommendations to the board regarding the transfer of licensed employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 216.14; 279.8.

Cross Reference:

405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

405.6 Licensed Employee Assignment

Approved ____ 2-16-98

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

LICENSED EMPLOYEE EVALUATION

Evaluation of licensed employees on their skills, abilities, and competence is an ongoing process supervised by the building principals and conducted by approved evaluators. The goal of the formal evaluation of licensed employees, other than administrators, but including extracurricular employees, is to improve the education program, to maintain licensed employees who meet or exceed the board's standards of performance, to clarify the licensed employee's role, to ascertain the areas in need of improvement, to clarify the immediate priorities of the board, and to develop a working relationship between the administrators and other employees.

The formal evaluation criteria is in writing and approved by the board. The formal evaluation will provide an opportunity for the evaluator and the licensed employee to discuss performance and the future areas of growth. The formal evaluation is completed by the evaluator, signed by the licensed employee and filed in the licensed employee's personnel file. This policy supports, and does not preclude, the ongoing informal evaluation of the licensed employee's skills, abilities and competence.

Licensed employees will be required to:

Demonstrate the ability to enhance academic performance and support for and implementation of the school district's student achievement goals.

Demonstrate competency in content knowledge appropriate to the teaching position.

Demonstrate competency in planning and preparation for instruction.

Use strategies to deliver instruction that meets the multiple learning needs of students.

Use a variety of methods to monitor student learning.

Demonstrate competence in classroom management.

Engage in professional growth.

Fulfill professional responsibilities established by the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure licensed employees are evaluated. New and probationary licensed employees are evaluated at least twice each year.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 279, 284, 294. Aplington Community School District v. PERB, 392 N.W.2d 495 (Iowa 1986). Saydel Education Association v. PERB, 333 N.W.2d 486 (Iowa 1983). 281 I.A.C. 83; 12.3
Cross Reference:	405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection405.9 Licensed Employee Probationary Status

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised

Approved

LICENSED EMPLOYEE PROBATIONARY STATUS

The first three consecutive years of a licensed employee's contract is a probationary period unless the employee has already successfully completed the probationary period in an Iowa school district. New employees who have successfully completed a probationary period in a previous Iowa school district will serve a two year probationary period. For purposes of this policy, an employee will have met the requirements for successfully completing a probationary period in another Iowa school district if, at the teacher's most recent performance evaluation, the teacher received at least a satisfactory or better evaluation and the individual has not engaged in conduct which would disqualify the teacher for a continuing contract.

Only the board, in its discretion, may waive the probationary period. The board may extend the probationary period for one additional year with the consent of the licensed employee. The board will make the decision to extend or waive a licensed employee's probationary status based upon the superintendent's recommendation. During this probationary period the board may terminate the licensed employee's contract at the end of the year without cause year or immediately discharge the employee consistent with applicable law and board policies.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.	
Cross Reference:	405.4 Licensed Employee Continuing Contracts 405.8 Licensed Employee Evaluation	
Approved	Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE

The board will establish salary schedules for licensed employees' positions keeping in mind the financial condition of the school district, the education and experience of the licensed employee, the educational philosophy of the school district, and other factors deemed relevant by the board.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually regarding the salary schedule. The salary schedule is subject to review and modification through the collective bargaining process.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in that certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding wages and salaries of such employees will be followed.

Legal Reference.	10wa C	ode 99 20.1, .4, .7,	.9, 279.6 (1999).		
Cross Reference:	405 406.2	Licensed Employ Licensed Employ		ale Advancement	
Approved <u>2-16</u>	-98	Reviewed _	7-24-17	Revised	

LICENSED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE ADVANCEMENT

The board will determine which licensed employees will advance on the salary schedule for the licensed employees' positions, keeping in mind the financial condition of the school district, the education and experience of the licensed employee, the educational philosophy of the school district, and other considerations as determined by the board.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board for the advancement of licensed employees on the salary schedule.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in that certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding salary schedule advancement of such employees will be followed.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 20.1, .4, .7, .9; 279.8 (1999).

Cross Reference: 405 Licensed Employees - General
406 Licensed Employee Compensation and Benefits

Approved 2-16-98 Reviewed 7-24-17 Revised

HAMBURG COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

LICENSED EMPLOYEE CONTINUED EDUCATION CREDIT

Continued education on the part of licensed employees may entitle them to advancement on the salary schedule. Licensed employees who have completed additional hours will be considered for advancement on the salary schedule. The board will determine which licensed employees will advance on the salary schedule for continued education keeping in mind the financial condition of the school district, the education and experience of the licensed employee, the educational philosophy of the school district, and any other items deemed relevant by the board.

Licensed employees who wish to obtain additional education for advancement on the salary schedule must notify their supervisor by October 1 of the school year preceding the actual year when advancement occurs. This additional education must be in the same area as the education that was required of the employee to hold the employee's current position with the school district. For purposes of illustration only, a math teacher would advance on the salary schedule only if the additional education was in math courses. The superintendent has the discretion to approve credit outside the employee's area of endorsement or responsibility.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board for the advancement of a licensed employee on the salary schedule.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between licensed employees in a certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding continued education credit of such employees will be followed.

Legal Reference:	Iowa	Code §§ 20.1, .4, .7, .9; 279.8 (1999)		
Cross Reference:	405 406	Licensed Employees - General Licensed Employee Compensation	and Benefits	
Approved 2-16-	98	Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised	

LICENSED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION FOR EXTRA DUTY

A licensed employee may volunteer or be required to take on extra duty, with the extra duty being secondary to the major responsibility of the licensed employee. The board will establish a salary schedule for extra duty licensed employee positions, keeping in mind the financial condition of the school district, the education and experience of the licensed employee, the educational philosophy of the school district, and other considerations as determined by the board.

Vacant extra duty positions, for which extra compensation will be earned, will be posted to allow qualified licensed employees to volunteer for the extra duty. If no licensed employee volunteers for extra duty, the superintendent will assign the extra duty positions to qualified licensed employees. The licensed employee will receive compensation for the extra duty required to be performed.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually as to which licensed employees will have the extra duty, and the salary schedule for extra duty, for the board's review.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in that certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding the compensation for extra duties of such employees will be followed.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 20.1, .4, .7, .9; 279.8, .13-.15, .19A-B (1999).

Cross Reference: 405 Licensed Employees - General

406 Licensed Employee Compensation and Benefits

Approved <u>2-16-98</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _____

LICENSED EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE BENEFITS

(For districts that employ <u>less than</u> an average of at least 50 full-time employees, including an equivalent for part-time employees)

Licensed employees are eligible for group insurance and health benefits. The board will select the group insurance program and the insurance company which will provide the program. Since the district employees less than an average of at least 50 full-time employees (including an equivalent for part-time employees), the district is not subject to the ACAs Employer Mandate.

Full-time licensed employees are eligible to participate in the health and major medical, life, and long-term disability group insurance plans. Regular part-time employees who wish to purchase insurance coverage may participate in group insurance programs by meeting the requirements of the insurer. Full-time and regular part-time licensed employees who wish to purchase insurance coverage for their spouse or dependents may do so by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

Licensed employees and their spouse and dependents may be allowed to continue coverage of the school district's group health insurance program if they cease employment with the school district by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

This policy statement does not guarantee a certain level of benefits. The board will have the authority and right to change or eliminate group insurance programs for its licensed employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 85; 85B; 279.12, .27; 509; 509A; 509B.

Internal Revenue Code § 4980H(c)(4); Treas. Reg. § 54.4980H-1(a)(21)(ii). Shared Responsibility for Employers Regarding Health Coverage, 26 CFR Parts 1, 54

and 301, 78 Fed. Reg. 217, (Jan 2, 2013).

Shared Responsibility for Employers Regarding Health Coverage, 26 CFR

Parts 1, 54 and 301, 79 Fed. Reg. 8543 (Feb. 12, 2014).

Cross Reference:

405.1 Licensed Employee Defined

706.2 Payroll Deductions

LICENSED EMPLOYEE TAX SHELTER PROGRAMS

The board authorizes the administration to make a payroll deduction for licensed employees' tax sheltered annuity premiums purchased from any company the employee chooses or through an Iowa-licensed salesperson selected by the employee.

Licensed employees wishing to have payroll deductions for tax sheltered annuities will make a written request to the superintendent.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in that certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding the tax sheltered annuities of such employees will be followed.

Legal Reference:	Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996, Section 1450(a), repealing

portions of IRS REG § 1.403(b)-1(b)(3).

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 260C; 273; 294.16 (1999).

1988 Op. Att'y Gen. 38. 1976 Op. Att'y Gen. 462, 602. 1966 Op. Att'y Gen. 211, 220.

Cross Reference: 706 Payroll Procedures

Reviewed __7-24-17 Approved 2-16-98 Revised

LETTER TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE

Dear Collective Bargaining Representative:

Pursuant to Iowa Code 20.9, I am notifying you, as the (local association president/UniServ director), of our intent to adopt the attached policy. If you elect to bargain over the subject matter addressed in the attached policy on behalf of the (name of the association/union), please contact me by (date).

Sincerely,

Superintendent/Negotiator Hamburg Community School District

cc: School Attorney/Negotiator

LICENSED EMPLOYEE RESIGNATION

A licensed employee who wishes to resign must notify the superintendent in writing within the time period set by the board for return of the contract. This applies to regular contracts for the licensed employee's regular duties and for an extracurricular contract for extra duty. Resignations of this nature will be accepted by the board.

The board may require an individual who has resigned from an extracurricular contract to accept the resigned position for only the subsequent school year when the board has made a good faith effort to find a replacement and the licensed employee is continuing to be employed by the school district.

Legal Reference:	Iowa C	ode §§ 91A.2, .3, .5; 279.13, .19A	(2001).
Cross Reference:	405.3 405.4 407	Licensed Employee Individual C Licensed Employee Continuing C Licensed Employee Termination	Contracts
Approved 2-16-98_		Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE CONTRACT RELEASE

Licensed employees who wish to be released from an executed contract must give at least twenty-one days notice to the superintendent. Licensed employees may be released at the discretion of the board. Only in unusual and extreme circumstances will the board release a licensed employee from a contract. The board will have sole discretion to determine what constitutes unusual and extreme circumstances.

Release from a contract will be contingent upon finding a suitable replacement. Licensed employees requesting release from a contract after it has been signed and before it expires may be required to pay the board up to \$2,500 for expenses incurred to locate and hire a suitable replacement. Upon written mutual agreement between the employee and the superintendent, the costs may be deducted from the employee's salary. Payment of these costs is a condition for release from the contract at the discretion of the board. Failure of the licensed employee to pay these expenses may result in a cause of action being filed in small claims court.

The superintendent is authorized to file a complaint with the Board of Educational Examiners against a licensed employee who leaves without proper release from the board.

NOTE: School districts may charge employees for costs incurred in finding a replacement. Employees can only be charged costs, not "penalties." The costs cannot be withheld from money owed the employee unless the employee agrees. If costs are not withheld from moneys owed to the employee, the school district must bill the employee. If the employee fails to pay, the school district's only option is to file a claim in small claims court. The school district also has the option of filing a complaint with the Board of Educational Examiners stating the employee has engaged in unprofessional conduct.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 216; 272; 279.13, .19A, .46 (2001).

1978 Op. Att'y Gen. 247. 1974 Op. Att'y Gen. 11, 322.

Cross Reference:

405.3 Licensed Employee Individual Contracts

405.4 Licensed Employee Continuing Contracts

407.3 Licensed Employee Retirement

Approved	2-16-98

Revised _____

LICENSED EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

Licensed employees who will complete their current contract with the board may apply for retirement. No licensed employee will be required to retire at a specific age.

Application for retirement will be considered made when the licensed employee states in writing to the superintendent, no later than the date set by the board for the return of the employee's contract to the board, the intent of the employee to retire. The letter must state the employee's desire to retire and be witnessed by another party other than the principal or the superintendent. Applications made after the date set by the board for the return of the employee's contract to the board may be considered by the board if special circumstances exist. It is within the discretion of the board to determine whether special circumstances exist.

Board action to approve a licensed employee's application for retirement is final and such action constitutes nonrenewal of the employee's contract for the next school year.

Licensed employees who retire under this policy may qualify for retirement benefits through the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System.

Licensed employees and their spouse and dependents are allowed to continue coverage in the school district's group health insurance program at their own expense by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

NOTE: Mandatory retirement ages are a violation of federal law. The witnessing of the retiring employee's letter is to protect the school district in the event an employee alleges that the school district forced the employee to retire,

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 97B; 216; 279.46 (2001).
	501 T A C 21

581 I.A.C. 21. 1978 Op. Att'y Gen. 247.

1978 Op. Att'y Gen. 247. 1974 Op. Att'y Gen. 11, 322.

Cross Reference: 401.14 Recognition for Service of Employees 407.4 Licensed Employee Early Retirement

Approved <u>2-16-98</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _____

LICENSED EMPLOYEE SUSPENSION

Licensed employees will perform their assigned job, respect and follow board policy and obey the law. The superintendent is authorized to suspend a licensed employee pending board action on a discharge, for investigation of charges against the employee, and for disciplinary purposes. It is within the discretion of the superintendent to suspend a licensed employee with or without pay.

In the event of a suspension, appropriate due process will be followed.

T 1D C				
Legal Reference:	Northeast Community Education Association v. Northeast Community School			
	Distric	District, 402 N.W.2d 765 (Iowa 1987).		
		land v. Board of Education of Norwalk Community School District, 277		
	N.W.2	d 901 (Iowa 1979).		
		Code §§ 20.7, .24; 279.13, .1519, .27 (2001).		
Cross Reference:	404 107	Employee Conduct and Appearance		
	407	Licensed Employee Termination of Employment		
Approved <u>2-16-98</u>	_	Reviewed 7-24-17 Revised		

LICENSED EMPLOYEE REDUCTION IN FORCE

The board has the exclusive authority to determine the appropriate number of licensed employees. A reduction of licensed employees may occur as a result of, but not be limited to, changes in the education program, staff realignment, changes in the size or nature of the student population, financial situation considerations, and other reasons deemed relevant by the board.

The reduction in licensed employees, other than administrators, will be done through normal attrition if possible. If normal attrition does not meet the necessary reduction in force required, the board may terminate licensed employees.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation for termination to the board. The process for reduction in force shall be as follows:

- Endorsements and educational preparation within the grade level and subject areas in which the employee is now performing;
- · Relative skills, ability and demonstrated performance;
- · Qualifications for co-curricular programs; and
- Number of continuous years of service to the school district. This will be considered only when the foregoing factors are relatively equal between licensed employees].

Due process for terminations due to a reduction in force will be followed.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279

Cross Reference:

407.4 Licensed Employee Suspension

413.5 Classified Employee Reduction in Force

703 Budget

Approved 2-16-98

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The board encourages licensed employees to attend and participate in professional development activities to maintain, develop, and extend their skills. The board will maintain and support an inservice program for licensed employees.

Requests for attendance or participation in a development program, other than those development programs sponsored by the school district, is made to the superintendent. Approval of the superintendent must be obtained prior to attendance by a licensed employee in a professional development program when the attendance would result in the licensed employee being excused from their duties or when the school district pays the expenses for the program.

The superintendent will have sole discretion to allow or disallow licensed employees to attend or participate in the requested event. When making this determination, the superintendent will consider the value of the program for the licensed employee and the school district, the effect of the licensed employee's absence on the education program and school district operations and the school district's financial situation as well as other factors deemed relevant in the judgment of the superintendent. Requests that involve unusual expenses or overnight travel must also be approved by the board.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code § 279.8.

281 I.A.C. 12.7; 83.6

Cross Reference:

414.9 Classified Employee Professional Purposes Leave

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE PUBLICATION OR CREATION OF MATERIALS

Materials created by licensed employees and the financial gain there from are the property of the school district if school materials and time were used in their creation and/or such materials were created in the scope of the licensed employee's employment. The licensed employee must seek prior written approval of the superintendent concerning such activities.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code § 279.8 (1999).

Cross Reference:

401.3 Employee Conflict of Interest

606.6 Student Production of Materials and Services

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised ____

LICENSED EMPLOYEE TUTORING

Every effort will be made by the licensed employees to help students with learning problems before recommending that the parents engage a tutor. Since there are exceptional cases when tutoring will help students overcome learning deficiencies, tutoring by licensed employees may be approved by the superintendent.

Licensed employees may only tutor students other than those for whom the teacher is currently exercising teaching, administrative or supervisory responsibility unless approved by the superintendent.

Tutoring for a fee may not take place within school facilities or during regular school hours unless approved by the superintendent.

Legal Reference:	Iowa C	Code §§ 20.7; 279.8 (1999).		
Cross Reference:	401.3 402.7	Employee Conflict of Interest Employee Outside Employment		
			4	
Approved <u>11-15-10</u>		Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>	Revised	

LICENSED EMPLOYEE VACATION - HOLIDAYS - PERSONAL LEAVE

The board will determine the amount of vacation, holidays, and personal leave that will be allowed on an annual basis for licensed employees.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually on vacations, holidays, and personal leave for licensed employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 1C; 4.1(34); 20.9.

Cross Reference:

414.1 Classified Employee Vacations - Holidays - Personal Leave

601.1 School Calendar

Approved 11-15-10

LICENSED EMPLOYEE PERSONAL ILLNESS LEAVE

Licensed employees will be granted ten days of sick leave in their first year of employment. Each year thereafter, one additional day of sick leave will be granted to the licensed employees up to a maximum of fifteen days. "Day" is defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee. A new employee will report for work at least one full work day prior to receiving sick leave benefits. A returning employee will be granted the appropriate number of days at the beginning of each fiscal year.

Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 150 days for licensed employees.

1st year of employment	10 days
2 nd year of employment	11 days
3rd year of employment	12 days
4th year of employment	13 days
5th year of employment	14 days
6th year of employment	15 days

Evidence may be required regarding the mental or physical health of the employee when the administration has a concern about the employee's health. Evidence may also be required to confirm the employee's illness, the need for the illness leave, the employee's ability to return to work, and the employee's capability to perform the duties of the employee's position. It is within the discretion of the board or the superintendent to determine the type and amount of evidence necessary. When an illness leave will be greater than three consecutive days, the employee will comply with the board policy regarding family and medical leave.

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq.

29 C.F.R. § 825.

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85; 216; 279.40.

Whitney v. Rural Ind. School District, 232 Iowa 61, 4 N.W.2d 394 (1942).

Cross Reference:

403.2 Employee Injury on the Job

409.3 Licensed Employee Family and Medical Leave

409.8 Licensed Employee Unpaid Leave

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

Unpaid family and medical leave will be granted up to 12 weeks per year to assist employees in balancing family and work life. For purposes of this policy, year is defined as starting July 1. Requests for family and medical leave will be made to the superintendent.

Employees may be allowed to substitute paid leave for unpaid family and medical leave by meeting the requirements set out in the family and medical leave administrative rules. Employees eligible for family and medical leave must comply with the family and medical leave administrative rules prior to starting family and medical leave. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative rules to implement this policy.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in the certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding family and medical leave of such employees will be followed.

NOTE: This policy is consistent with federal law regarding family and medical leave. The links below are to applicable forms on the U.S. Department of Labor Web site.

Links:

http://www.dol.gov/compliance/laws/comp-fmla.htm

WH-380-E Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition (PDF)
WH-380-F Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition

(PDF)

WH-381 Notice of Eligibility and Rights & Responsibilities (PDF)

WH-382 Designation Notice (PDF)

WH-384 Certification of Qualifying Exigency For Military Family Leave (PDF)

WH-385 Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember -- for Military Family Leave (PDF)

Legal Reference:

Whitney v. Rural Ind. School. District, 232 Iowa 61, 4 N.W.2d 394 (1942).

29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq. (2012)

29 C.F.R. Pt. 825 (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85.33, .34, .38(3); 216; 279.40 (2013).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 605.

1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 177, 353.

1952 Op. Att'y Gen. 91.

Cross Reference:

409.2

Licensed Employee Personal Illness Leave

409.8

Licensed Employee Unpaid Leave

414.3

Classified Employee Family and Medical Leave

Approved 9-11-09

Reviewed <u>8-12-15</u>

Revised 11-15-10

HAMBURG COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

This document is available at https://www.dol.gov/whd/regs/compliance/posters/fmlaen.pdf.

NOTE: FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post a notice. Regulations 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REQUEST FORM

Date:	
I,	, request family and medical leave for the following reason:
(check all that a	for the birth of my child; for the placement of a child for adoption or foster care; to care for my child who has a serious health condition; to care for my parent who has a serious health condition; to care for my spouse who has a serious health condition; or because I am seriously ill and unable to perform the essential functions of my position. because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that myspouse; son or daughter;parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves. because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent;next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	my obligation to provide medical certification of my serious health condition or that of a in order to be eligible for family and medical leave within 15 days of the request for
I acknowledge of the school di	receipt of information regarding my obligations under the family and medical leave policy strict.
I request that m (check one)	y family and medical leave begin on and I request leave as follows:
	I anticipate that I will be able to return to work on intermittent leave for the: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district; serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary; because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves. because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	Details of the needed intermittent leave:
*	
I anticipate retu	urning to work at my regular schedule on

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REQUEST FORM

	reduced work schedule for the: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the
	district;
	serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically
	necessary;
	because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that myspouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support
	of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
	because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a
	covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	Details of needed reduction in work schedule as follows:
I anticipate ret	turning to work at my regular schedule on
· minospano ros	
I realize I may	be moved to an alternative position during the period of the family and medical intermittent
or reduced wo	rk schedule leave. I also realize that with foreseeable intermittent or reduced work schedule
leave, subject	to the requirements of my health care provider, I may be required to schedule the leave to
minimize inter	rruptions to school district operations.
	ily and medical leave, I agree to pay my regular contributions to employer sponsored benefit
	ntributions will be deducted from moneys owed me during the leave period. If no monies
	I will reimburse the school district by personal check or cash for my contributions. I
contribution.	at I may be dropped from the employer-sponsored benefit plans for failure to pay my
contribution.	
I agree to reim	aburse the school district for any payment of my contributions with deductions from future
	to me or the school district may seek reimbursement of payments of my contributions in
court.	
I acknowledge	e that the above information is true to the best of my knowledge.
C:1	
Signed	
Date	
If the employe	ee requesting leave is unable to meet the above criteria, the employee is not eligible for
family and me	

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

School district notice.

- 1. The school district will post the notice in Exhibit 409.3E1 regarding family and medical leave.
- 2. Information on the Family and Medical Leave Act and the board policy on family and medical leave, including leave provisions and employee obligations will be provided annually. The information will be in the employee handbook.
- 3. When an employee requests family and medical leave, the school district will provide the employee with information listing the employee's obligations and requirements. Such information will include:
 - a. a statement clarifying whether the leave qualifies as family and medical leave and will, therefore, be credited to the employee's annual 12-week entitlement or 26 week entitlement depending on the purpose of the leave;
 - b. a reminder that employees requesting family and medical leave for their serious health condition or for that of an immediate family member must furnish medical certification of the serious health condition and the consequences for failing to do so or proof of call to active duty in the case of military family and medical leave;
 - an explanation of the employee's right to substitute paid leave for family and medical leave including a description of when the school district requires substitution of paid leave and the conditions related to the substitution; and
 - d. a statement notifying employees that they must pay and must make arrangements for paying any premium or other payments to maintain health or other benefits.

B. Eligible employees.

Employees are eligible for family and medical leave if three criteria are met.

- 1. The school district has more than 50 employees on the payroll at the time leave is requested;
- 2. The employee has worked for the school district for at least twelve months or 52 weeks (the months and weeks need not be consecutive); and,
- 3. The employee has worked at least 1,250 hours within the previous year. Full-time professional employees who are exempt from the wage and hour law may be presumed to have worked the minimum hour requirement.

If the employee requesting leave is unable to meet the above criteria, the employee is not eligible for family and medical leave.

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

- C. Employee requesting leave -- two types of leave.
 - 1. Foreseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is foreseeable for the birth or placement of an adopted or foster child with the employee or for planned medical treatment.
 - b. Employee must give at least thirty days notice for foreseeable leave. Failure to give the notice may result in the leave beginning thirty days after notice was received. For those taking leave due to military family and medical leave, notice should be given as soon as possible.
 - c. Employees must consult with the school district prior to scheduling planned medical treatment leave to minimize disruption to the school district. The scheduling is subject to the approval of the health care provider.
 - d. [Boards who adopt other requirements or additional collective bargaining provisions can add them here.]
 - 2. Unforeseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is unforeseeable in such situations as emergency medical treatment or premature birth.
 - b. Employee must give notice as soon as possible but no later than one to two work days after learning that leave will be necessary.
 - A spouse or family member may give the notice if the employee is unable to personally give notice.
- D. Eligible family and medical leave determination. The school district may require the employee giving notice of the need for leave to provide reasonable documentation or a statement of family relationship.
 - 1. Six purposes.
 - a. The birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth;
 - b. The placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement;
 - c. To care for the spouse, son, daughter or parent of the employee if the spouse, son, daughter or parent has a serious health condition; or
 - d. Employee's serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of the employee's position.
 - e. because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that an employee's ___ spouse; ___ son or daughter; ___ parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
 - f. because the employee is the spouse; ___ son or daughter; ___ parent; ___ next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.

Medical certification.

a. When required:

- (1) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the employee's serious health condition and inability to perform the essential functions of the job.
- (2) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the family member's serious health condition and that it is medically necessary for the employee to take leave to care for the family member.
- (3) Employees shall be required to present certification of the call to active duty when taking military family and medical leave.

b. Employee's medical certification responsibilities:

- (1) The employee must obtain the certification from the health care provider who is treating the individual with the serious health condition.
- (2) The school district may require the employee to obtain a second certification by a health care provider chosen by and paid for by the school district if the school district has reason to doubt the validity of the certification an employee submits. The second health care provider cannot, however, be employed by the school district on a regular basis.
- (3) If the second health care provider disagrees with the first health care provider, then the school district may require a third health care provider to certify the serious health condition. This health care provider must be mutually agreed upon by the employee and the school district and paid for by the school district. This certification or lack of certification is binding upon both the employee and the school district.
- c. Medical certification will be required fifteen days after family and medical leave begins unless it is impracticable to do so. The school district may request recertification every thirty days. Recertification must be submitted within fifteen days of the school district's request.
- d. Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member cannot be required to obtain a second opinion or to provide recertification.

Family and medical leave requested for the serious health condition of the employee or to care for a family member with a serious health condition which is not supported by medical certification will be denied until such certification is provided.

E. Entitlement.

- 1. Employees are entitled to twelve weeks unpaid family and medical leave per year. Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member are entitled to 26 weeks of unpaid family and medical leave but only in a single 12 month period.
- 2. Year is defined as: (choose one)

Rolling: measured forward from the first day leave is used, or measured backward from the date leave is used.

- 3. If insufficient leave is available, the school district may:
 - a. Deny the leave if entitlement is exhausted
 - b. Award leave available

F.	Type	of	Leave	Red	uested.
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1 J P	0 01 1	ou to requestou.
1.	Con	tinuous - employee will not report to work for set number of days or weeks.
2.	Inter a.	Intermittent - employee requests family and medical leave for separate periods of time. Intermittent leave is available for: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district; serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary; because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves; because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a
	b.	covered service member with a serious injury or illness. In the case of foreseeable intermittent leave, the employee must schedule the leave to
	c.	minimize disruption to the school district operation. During the period of foreseeable intermittent leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits. (For instructional employees, see G below.)
3.	Red	uced work schedule - employee requests a reduction in the employee's regular work schedule.
	a.	Reduced work schedule family and medical leave is available for: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district; serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary; because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves; because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	b.	In the case of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the employee must schedule the leave to minimize disruption to the school district operation.
	c.	During the period of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits. (For instructional employees, see G below.)

G. Special Rules for Instructional Employees.

1. Definition - an instructional employee is one whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group or an individual setting. This includes, but is not limited to, teachers, coaches, driver's education instructors and special education assistants.

- 2. Instructional employees who request foreseeable medically necessary intermittent or reduced work schedule family and medical leave greater than twenty percent of the work days in the leave period may be required to:
 - a. Take leave for the entire period or periods of the planned medical treatment; or,
 - b. Move to an available alternative position, with equivalent pay and benefits, but not necessarily equivalent duties, for which the employee is qualified.
- 3. Instructional employees who request continuous family and medical leave near the end of a semester may be required to extend the family and medical leave through the end of the semester. The number of weeks remaining before the end of a semester does not include scheduled school breaks, such as summer, winter or spring break.
 - a. If an instructional employee begins family and medical leave for any purpose more than five weeks before the end of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last at least three weeks and the employee would return to work during the last three weeks of the semester if the leave was not continued.
 - b. If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last five weeks of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last more than two weeks and the employee would return to work during the last two weeks of the semester.
 - c. If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last three weeks of the semester and the leave will last more than five working days, the school district may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the semester.
- 4. The entire period of leave taken under the special rules is credited as family and medical leave. The school district will continue to fulfill the school district's family and medical leave responsibilities and obligations, including the obligation to continue the employee's health insurance and other benefits, if an instructional employee's family and medical leave entitlement ends before the involuntary leave period expires.
- H. Employee responsibilities while on family and medical leave.
 - 1. Employee must continue to pay health care benefit contributions or other benefit contributions regularly paid by the employee unless employee elects not to continue the benefits.
 - 2. The employee contribution payments will be deducted from any money owed to the employee or the employee will reimburse the school district at a time set by the superintendent.
 - An employee who fails to make the health care contribution payments within thirty days after they
 are due will be notified that their coverage may be canceled if payment is not received within an
 additional 15 days.
 - 4. An employee may be asked to re-certify the medical necessity of family and medical leave for the serious medical condition of an employee or family member once every thirty days and return the certification within fifteen days of the request.

- 5. The employee must notify the school district of the employee's intent to return to work at least once each month during their leave and at least two weeks prior to the conclusion of the family and medical leave.
- 6. If an employee intends not to return to work, the employee must immediately notify the school district, in writing, of the employee's intent not to return. The school district will cease benefits upon receipt of this notification.
- I. Use of paid leave for family and medical leave.

Option I:

An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave with appropriate paid leave available to the employee under board policy, individual contracts or the collective bargaining agreement. Paid leave includes, but is not limited to, sick leave, family illness leave, vacation, personal leave, bereavement leave and professional leave. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option II:

- 1. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- 2. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member or to care for a family service member with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member is unpaid.
- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for the child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption is unpaid.
- 5. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.
- 6. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option III:

- 1. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee with paid sick leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an
 employee's family member with paid sick leave or to care for a family service member. Upon the
 expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an
 employee's family member is unpaid.
- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for prior to the first anniversary of the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care is unpaid.
- 5. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick and vacation leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.
- When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school
 district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as
 FMLA leave.

Option IV:

1. Family and medical leave is unpaid.

School district notice.

- 1. The school district will post the notice in Exhibit 409.3E1 regarding family and medical leave.
- Information on the Family and Medical Leave Act and the board policy on family and medical leave, including leave provisions and employee obligations will be provided annually. The information will be in the employee handbook.
- 3. When an employee requests family and medical leave, the school district will provide the employee with information listing the employee's obligations and requirements. Such information will include:
 - a. a statement clarifying whether the leave qualifies as family and medical leave and will, therefore, be credited to the employee's annual 12-week entitlement or 26 week entitlement depending on the purpose of the leave;
 - b. a reminder that employees requesting family and medical leave for their serious health condition or for that of an immediate family member must furnish medical certification of the serious health condition and the consequences for failing to do so or proof of call to active duty in the case of military family and medical leave;
 - c. an explanation of the employee's right to substitute paid leave for family and medical leave including a description of when the school district requires substitution of paid leave and the conditions related to the substitution; and
 - d. a statement notifying employees that they must pay and must make arrangements for paying any premium or other payments to maintain health or other benefits.

Eligible employees.

Employees are eligible for family and medical leave if three criteria are met.

- 1. The school district has more than 50 employees on the payroll at the time leave is requested;
- 2. The employee has worked for the school district for at least twelve months or 52 weeks (the months and weeks need not be consecutive); and,
- 3. The employee has worked at least 1,250 hours within the previous year. Full-time professional employees who are exempt from the wage and hour law may be presumed to have worked the minimum hour requirement.

If the employee requesting leave is unable to meet the above criteria, the employee is not eligible for family and medical leave.

HAMBURG COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

- 1. Foreseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is foreseeable for the birth or placement of an adopted or foster child with the employee or for planned medical treatment.
 - b. Employee must give at least thirty days notice for foreseeable leave. Failure to give the notice may result in the leave beginning thirty days after notice was received. For those taking leave due to military family and medical leave, notice should be given as soon as possible.
 - c. Employees must consult with the school district prior to scheduling planned medical treatment leave to minimize disruption to the school district. The scheduling is subject to the approval of the health care provider.
- 2. Unforeseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is unforeseeable in such situations as emergency medical treatment or premature birth.
 - b. Employee must give notice as soon as possible but no later than one to two work days after learning that leave will be necessary.
 - c. A spouse or family member may give the notice if the employee is unable to personally give notice.
- D. Eligible family and medical leave determination. The school district may require the employee giving notice of the need for leave to provide reasonable documentation or a statement of family relationship.
 - 1. Six purposes.
 - a. The birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth;
 - b. The placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement;
 - c. To care for the spouse, son, daughter or parent of the employee if the spouse, son, daughter or parent has a serious health condition; or
 - d. Employee's serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of the employee's position.
 - e. because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that an employee's spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
 - f. because the employee is the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.

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LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

Medical certification.

- a. When required:
 - (1) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the employee's serious health condition and inability to perform the essential functions of the job.
 - (2) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the family member's serious health condition and that it is medically necessary for the employee to take leave to care for the family member.
 - (3) Employees shall be required to present certification of the call to active duty when taking military family and medical leave.
- b. Employee's medical certification responsibilities:
 - (1) The employee must obtain the certification from the health care provider who is treating the individual with the serious health condition.

- (2) The school district may require the employee to obtain a second certification by a health care provider chosen by and paid for by the school district if the school district has reason to doubt the validity of the certification an employee submits. The second health care provider cannot, however, be employed by the school district on a regular basis.
- (3) If the second health care provider disagrees with the first health care provider, then the school district may require a third health care provider to certify the serious health condition. This health care provider must be mutually agreed upon by the employee and the school district and paid for by the school district. This certification or lack of certification is binding upon both the employee and the school district.
- c. Medical certification will be required fifteen days after family and medical leave begins unless it is impracticable to do so. The school district may request recertification every thirty days. Recertification must be submitted within fifteen days of the school district's request.
- d. Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member cannot be required to obtain a second opinion or to provide recertification.

Family and medical leave requested for the serious health condition of the employee or to care for a family member with a serious health condition which is not supported by medical certification will be denied until such certification is provided.

E. Entitlement.

- 1. Employees are entitled to twelve weeks unpaid family and medical leave per year.

 Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member are entitled to 26 weeks of unpaid family and medical leave but only in a single 12 month period.
- 2. Year is defined as:

Rolling: measured forward from the first day leave is used, or measured backward from the date leave is used.

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- 3. If insufficient leave is available, the school district may:
 - a. Deny the leave if entitlement is exhausted

minimize disruption to the school district operation.

- b. Award leave available
- c. [Award leave in accordance with other provisions of board policy or the collective bargaining agreement.]

F. Type of Leave Requested.

1.	Continuous - employee will not report to work for set number of days or weeks.
2.	Intermittent - employee requests family and medical leave for separate periods of time. a. Intermittent leave is available for: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district; serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically
	necessary; because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves;
	 because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness. b. In the case of foreseeable intermittent leave, the employee must schedule the leave to

During the period of foreseeable intermittent leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits. (For instructional employees, see G below.) Reduced work schedule - employee requests a reduction in the employee's regular work schedule. Reduced work schedule family and medical leave is available for: birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary; because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my ____ spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves; because I am the ___ spouse; ___ son or daughter; ___ parent; ___ next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness. In the case of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the employee must schedule b. the leave to minimize disruption to the school district operation. During the period of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits. (For instructional employees, see G below.) Special Rules for Instructional Employees. Definition - an instructional employee is one whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group or an individual setting. This includes, but is not limited to, teachers, coaches, driver's education instructors and special education assistants. Code No. 409.3R1 Page 5 of 7 LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION Instructional employees who request foreseeable medically necessary intermittent or reduced work schedule family and medical leave greater than twenty percent of the work days in the leave period may be required to: Take leave for the entire period or periods of the planned medical treatment; or, a. Move to an available alternative position, with equivalent pay and benefits, but not necessarily equivalent duties, for which the employee is qualified. Instructional employees who request continuous family and medical leave near the end of a semester may be required to extend the family and medical leave through the end of the semester. The number of weeks remaining before the end of a semester does not include scheduled school breaks, such as summer, winter or spring break. If an instructional employee begins family and medical leave for any purpose more

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a.

- than five weeks before the end of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last at least three weeks and the employee would return to work during the last three weeks of the semester if the leave was not continued.
- b. If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last five weeks of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last more than two weeks and the employee would return to work during the last two weeks of the
- If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last three weeks of the semester and the leave will last more than five working days, the school district may require the employee to continue

taking leave until the end of the semester.

- 4. The entire period of leave taken under the special rules is credited as family and medical leave. The school district will continue to fulfill the school district's family and medical leave responsibilities and obligations, including the obligation to continue the employee's health insurance and other benefits, if an instructional employee's family and medical leave entitlement ends before the involuntary leave period expires.
- H. Employee responsibilities while on family and medical leave.
 - 1. Employee must continue to pay health care benefit contributions or other benefit contributions regularly paid by the employee unless employee elects not to continue the benefits.
 - 2. The employee contribution payments will be deducted from any money owed to the employee or the employee will reimburse the school district at a time set by the superintendent.
 - 3. An employee who fails to make the health care contribution payments within thirty days after they are due will be notified that their coverage may be canceled if payment is not received within an additional 15 days.
 - 4. An employee may be asked to re-certify the medical necessity of family and medical leave for the serious medical condition of an employee or family member once every thirty days and return the certification within fifteen days of the request.

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LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

- The employee must notify the school district of the employee's intent to return to work at least once each month during their leave and at least two weeks prior to the conclusion of the family and medical leave.
- 6. If an employee intends not to return to work, the employee must immediately notify the school district, in writing, of the employee's intent not to return. The school district will cease benefits upon receipt of this notification.
- I. Use of paid leave for family and medical leave.

Option I:

An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave with appropriate paid leave available to the employee under board policy, individual contracts or the collective bargaining agreement. Paid leave includes, but is not limited to, sick leave, family illness leave, vacation, personal leave, bereavement leave and professional leave. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option II:

- An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition
 of the employee with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the
 family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- 2. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member or to care for a family service member with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member is unpaid.

- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for the child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption is unpaid.
- An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.
- 6. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

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LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REGULATION

Option III:

- An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition
 of the employee with paid sick leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave
 for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- 2. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member with paid sick leave or to care for a family service member. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member is unpaid.
- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for prior to the first anniversary of the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care is unpaid.
- 5. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick and vacation leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.
- 6. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option IV:

1. Family and medical leave is unpaid.

Active Duty - duty under a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referring to in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, U.S. Code.

<u>Common Law Marriage</u> - according to Iowa law, common law marriages exist when there is a present intent by the two parties to be married, continuous cohabitation, and a public declaration that the parties are husband and wife. There is no time factor that needs to be met in order for there to be a common law marriage.

Contingency Operation - has the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, U.S. Code.

<u>Continuing Treatment</u> - a serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider includes any one or more of the following:

- A period of incapacity (i.e., inability to work, attend school or perform other regular daily activities due
 to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from) of more than three consecutive calendar
 days and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition that also
 involves:
 - -- treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders of, or in referral by, a health care provider; or
 - -- treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of a the health care provider.
- Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care.
- Any period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A chronic serious health condition is one which:
 - -- requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
 - -- Continues over an extended period of time (including recurring episodes of a single underlying condition); and
 - -- May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity (e.g., asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.).
- Any period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may
 not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need
 not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's, a severe
 stroke or the terminal stages of a disease.
- Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery from) by a health
 care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care
 provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would
 likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of
 medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.), severe arthritis
 (physical therapy), kidney disease (dialysis).

<u>Covered Servicemember</u> - a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness.

<u>Eligible Employee</u> - the district has more than 50 employees on the payroll at the time leave is requested. The employee has worked for the district for at least twelve months and has worked at least 1250 hours within the previous year.

<u>Essential Functions of the Job</u> - those functions which are fundamental to the performance of the job. It does not include marginal functions.

Employment Benefits - all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether such benefits are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an "employee benefit plan."

Family Member - individuals who meet the definition of son, daughter, spouse or parent.

<u>Group Health Plan</u> - any plan of, or contributed to by, an employer (including a self-insured plan) to provide health care (directly or otherwise) to the employer's employees, former employees, or the families of such employees or former employees.

Health Care Provider-

- A doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery by the state in which the doctor practices; or
- Podiatrists, dentists, clinical psychologists, optometrists, and chiropractors (limited to treatment consisting
 of manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation as demonstrated by X ray to exist) authorized
 to practice in the state and performing within the scope of their practice as defined under state law; and
- Nurse practitioners and nurse-midwives, and clinical social workers who are authorized to practice under state law and who are performing within the scope of their practice as defined under state law; and
- Christian Science practitioners listed with the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston, Massachusetts;
- Any health care provider from whom an employer or a group health plan's benefits manager will accept certification of the existence of a serious health condition to substantiate a claim for benefits;
- A health care provider as defined above who practices in a country other than the United States who is licensed to practice in accordance with the laws and regulations of that country.

<u>In Loco Parentis</u> - individuals who had or have day-to-day responsibilities for the care and financial support of a child not their biological child or who had the responsibility for an employee when the employee was a child.

<u>Incapable of Self-Care</u> - that the individual requires active assistance or supervision to provide daily self-care in several of the "activities of daily living" or "ADLs." Activities of daily living include adaptive activities such as caring appropriately for one's grooming and hygiene, bathing, dressing, eating, cooking, cleaning, shopping, taking public transportation, paying bills, maintaining a residence, using telephones and directories, using a post office, etc.

<u>Instructional Employee</u> - an employee employed principally in an instructional capacity by an educational agency or school whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group, or an individual setting, and includes athletic coaches, driving instructors, and special education assistants such as signers for the hearing impaired. The term does not include teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal function actual teaching or instructing, nor auxiliary personnel such as counselors, psychologists, curriculum specialists, cafeteria workers, maintenance workers, bus drivers, or other primarily noninstructional employees.

<u>Intermittent Leave</u> - leave taken in separate periods of time due to a single illness or injury, rather than for one continuous period of time, and may include leave or periods from an hour or more to several weeks.

<u>Medically Necessary</u> - certification for medical necessity is the same as certification for serious health condition.

"Needed to Care For" - the medical certification that an employee is "needed to care for" a family member encompasses both physical and psychological care. For example, where, because of a serious health condition, the family member is unable to care for his or her own basic medical, hygienic or nutritional needs or safety or is unable to transport himself or herself to medical treatment. It also includes situations where the employee may be needed to fill in for others who are caring for the family member or to make arrangements for changes in care.

Next of Kin - an individual's nearest blood relative

Outpatient Status - the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to -

- either a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or
- a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

<u>Parent</u> - a biological parent or an individual who stands in loco parentis to a child or stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child. Parent does not include parent-in-law.

<u>Physical or Mental Disability</u> - a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual.

<u>Reduced Leave Schedule</u> - a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.

Serious Health Condition -

- An illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:
- Inpatient care (i.e. an overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility including any period of incapacity (for purposes of this section, defined to mean inability to work, attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from), or any subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care; or
- Continuing treatment by a health care provider. A serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider includes:
 - A period of incapacity (i.e., inability to work, attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from) of more than three consecutive calendar days, including any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves:
 - -- Treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders or, or on referral by, a health care provider; or
 - -- Treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider.
 - -- Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care.
 - -- Any period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A chronic serious health condition is one which:
 - -- Requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
 - -- Continues over an extended period of time (including recurring episodes of s single underlying condition); and
 - -- May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity (e.g., asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.).

- -- A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's a severe stroke or the terminal stages of a disease.
- -- Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery from) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.), severe arthritis (physical therapy), kidney disease (dialysis).
- Treatment for purposes of this definition includes, but is not limited to, examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluation of the condition. Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye examinations or dental examinations. Under this definition, a regimen of continuing treatment includes, for example, a course of prescription medication (e.g., an antibiotic) or therapy requiring special equipment to resolve or alleviate the health condition (e.g., oxygen). A regimen of continuing treatment that includes the taking of over-the-counter medications such as aspirin, antihistamines, or salves; or bed rest, drinking fluids, exercise and other similar activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider, is not, by itself, sufficient to constitute a regimen of continuing treatment for purposes of FMLA leave.
- Conditions for which cosmetic treatments are administered (such as most treatments for acne or plastic surgery) are not "serious health conditions" unless inpatient hospital care is required or unless complications develop. Ordinarily, unless complications arise, the common cold, the flu, ear aches, upset stomach, ulcers, headaches other than migraine, routine dental or orthodontia problems, periodontal disease, etc., are examples of conditions that do not meet the definition of a serious health condition and do not qualify for FMLA leave. Restorative dental or plastic surgery after an injury or removal of cancerous growths are serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this regulation are met. Mental illness resulting from stress or allergies may be serious health conditions, but only if all the conditions of this section are met.
- Substance abuse may be a serious health condition if the conditions of this section are met. However,
 FMLA leave may only be taken for treatment for substance abuse by a health care provider or by a
 provider of health care on referral by a health care provider. On the other hand, absence because of the
 employee's use of the substance, rather than for treatment, does not qualify for FMLA leave.
- Absence attributable to incapacity under this definition qualify for FMLA leave even though the employee or the immediate family member does not receive treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence does not last more than three days. For example, an employee with asthma may be unable to report for work due to the onset of an asthma attack or because the employee's health care provider has advised the employee to stay home when the pollen count exceeds a certain level. An employee who is pregnant may be unable to report to work because of severe morning sickness.

<u>Serious Injury or Illness</u> - an injury or illness incurred by a member of the Armed forces, including the National Guard or Reserves in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating.

Son or daughter - a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis. The child must be under age 18 or, if over 18, incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

Spouse - a husband or wife recognized by Iowa law including common law marriages.

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Active Duty - duty under a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referring to in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, U.S. Code.

<u>Common Law Marriage</u> - according to Iowa law, common law marriages exist when there is a present intent by the two parties to be married, continuous cohabitation, and a public declaration that the parties are husband and wife. There is no time factor that needs to be met in order for there to be a common law marriage.

Contingency Operation - has the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, U.S. Code.

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 to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from) of more than three consecutive calendar days
 and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition that also involves:
 - -- treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders of, or in referral by, a health care provider; or
 - -- treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of a the health care provider.
- Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care.
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 chronic serious health condition is one which:
 - -- requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
 - Continues over an extended period of time (including recurring episodes of a single underlying condition); and
 - -- May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity (e.g., asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.).
- Any period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's, a severe stroke or the terminal stages of a disease.
- Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery from) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.), severe arthritis (physical therapy), kidney disease (dialysis).

<u>Covered Servicemember</u> - a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness.

<u>Eligible Employee</u> - the district has more than 50 employees on the payroll at the time leave is requested. The employee has worked for the district for at least twelve months and has worked at least 1250 hours within the previous year.

<u>Essential Functions of the Job</u> - those functions which are fundamental to the performance of the job. It does not include marginal functions.

Code No. 409.3R2 Page 2 of 4 Employment Benefits - all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether such benefits are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an "employee benefit plan."

Family Member - individuals who meet the definition of son, daughter, spouse or parent.

<u>Group Health Plan</u> - any plan of, or contributed to by, an employer (including a self-insured plan) to provide health care (directly or otherwise) to the employees, former employees, or the families of such employees or former employees.

Health Care Provider-

- A doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery by the state in which the doctor practices; or
- Podiatrists, dentists, clinical psychologists, optometrists, and chiropractors (limited to treatment
 consisting of manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation as demonstrated by X ray to exist)
 authorized to practice in the state and performing within the scope of their practice as defined under state law;
 and
- Nurse practitioners and nurse-midwives, and clinical social workers who are authorized to practice under state law and who are performing within the scope of their practice as defined under state law; and
 - Christian Science practitioners listed with the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston, Massachusetts;
- Any health care provider from whom an employer or a group health plan's benefits manager will accept certification of the existence of a serious health condition to substantiate a claim for benefits;
- A health care provider as defined above who practices in a country other than the United States who is licensed to practice in accordance with the laws and regulations of that country.

<u>In Loco Parentis</u> - individuals who had or have day-to-day responsibilities for the care and financial support of a child not their biological child or who had the responsibility for an employee when the employee was a child.

<u>Incapable of Self-Care</u> - that the individual requires active assistance or supervision to provide daily self-care in several of the "activities of daily living" or "ADLs." Activities of daily living include adaptive activities such as caring appropriately for one's grooming and hygiene, bathing, dressing, eating, cooking, cleaning, shopping, taking public transportation, paying bills, maintaining a residence, using telephones and directories, using a post office, etc.

<u>Instructional Employee</u> - an employee employed principally in an instructional capacity by an educational agency or school whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group, or an individual setting, and includes athletic coaches, driving instructors, and special education assistants such as signers for the hearing impaired. The term does not include teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal function actual teaching or instructing, nor auxiliary personnel such as counselors, psychologists, curriculum specialists, cafeteria workers, maintenance workers, bus drivers, or other primarily noninstructional employees.

<u>Intermittent Leave</u> - leave taken in separate periods of time due to a single illness or injury, rather than for one continuous period of time, and may include leave or periods from an hour or more to several weeks.

Medically Necessary - certification for medical necessity is the same as certification for serious health condition.

Code No. 409.3R2 Page 3 of 4

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE DEFINITIONS

"Needed to Care For" - the medical certification that an employee is "needed to care for" a family member encompasses both physical and psychological care. For example, where, because of a serious health condition, the family member is unable to care for his or her own basic medical, hygienic or nutritional needs or safety or is unable to transport himself or herself to medical treatment. It also includes situations where the employee may be needed to fill in for others who are caring for the family member or to make arrangements for changes in care.

Next of Kin - an individual's nearest blood relative

Outpatient Status - the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to -

- either a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or
- a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

<u>Parent</u> - a biological parent or an individual who stands in loco parentis to a child or stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child. Parent does not include parent-in-law.

<u>Physical or Mental Disability</u> - a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual.

<u>Reduced Leave Schedule</u> - a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.

Serious Health Condition -

- An illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:
- Inpatient care (i.e. an overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility including any
 period of incapacity (for purposes of this section, defined to mean inability to work, attend school or
 perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from), or
 any subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care; or
- Continuing treatment by a health care provider. A serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider includes:
 - A period of incapacity (i.e., inability to work, attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for or recovery from) of more than three consecutive calendar days, including any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves:
 - -- Treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders or, or on referral by, a health care provider; or
 - Treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider.
 - Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care.
 - Any period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A chronic serious health condition is one which:
 - -- Requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
 - Continues over an extended period of time (including recurring episodes of s single underlying condition); and
 - -- May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity (e.g., asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.).

Code No. 409.3R2 Page 4 of 4

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE DEFINITIONS

- A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's a severe stroke or the terminal stages of a disease.
- Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery from) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.), severe arthritis (physical therapy), kidney disease (dialysis).
- Treatment for purposes of this definition includes, but is not limited to, examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluation of the condition. Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye examinations or dental examinations. Under this definition, a regimen of continuing treatment includes, for example, a course of prescription medication (e.g., an antibiotic) or therapy requiring

special equipment to resolve or alleviate the health condition (e.g., oxygen). A regimen of continuing treatment that includes the taking of over-the-counter medications such as aspirin, antihistamines, or salves; or bed rest, drinking fluids, exercise and other similar activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider, is not, by itself, sufficient to constitute a regimen of continuing treatment for purposes of FMLA leave.

- Conditions for which cosmetic treatments are administered (such as most treatments for acne or plastic surgery) are not "serious health conditions" unless inpatient hospital care is required or unless complications develop. Ordinarily, unless complications arise, the common cold, the flu, ear aches, upset stomach, ulcers, headaches other than migraine, routine dental or orthodontia problems, periodontal disease, etc., are examples of conditions that do not meet the definition of a serious health condition and do not qualify for FMLA leave. Restorative dental or plastic surgery after an injury or removal of cancerous growths are serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this regulation are met. Mental illness resulting from stress or allergies may be serious health conditions, but only if all the conditions of this section are met.
- Substance abuse may be a serious health condition if the conditions of this section are met. However, FMLA leave may only be taken for treatment for substance abuse by a health care provider or by a provider of health care on referral by a health care provider. On the other hand, absence because of the employee's use of the substance, rather than for treatment, does not qualify for FMLA leave.
- Absence attributable to incapacity under this definition qualify for FMLA leave even though the employee or the immediate family member does not receive treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence does not last more than three days. For example, an employee with asthma may be unable to report for work due to the onset of an asthma attack or because the employee's health care provider has advised the employee to stay home when the pollen count exceeds a certain level. An employee who is pregnant may be unable to report to work because of severe morning sickness.

<u>Serious Injury or Illness</u> - an injury or illness incurred by a member of the Armed forces, including the National Guard or Reserves in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating.

Son or daughter - a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis. The child must be under age 18 or, if over 18, incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

<u>Spouse</u> - a husband or wife recognized by Iowa law including common law marriages. *HAMBURG COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT*

LICENSED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

Unpaid family and medical leave will be granted up to 12 weeks per year to assist employees in balancing family and work life. For purposes of this policy, year is defined as July 1st thru June 30th. Requests for family and medical leave will be made to the superintendent.

Employees may be allowed to substitute paid leave for unpaid family and medical leave by meeting the requirements set out in the family and medical leave administrative rules. Employees eligible for family and medical leave must comply with the family and medical leave administrative rules prior to starting family and medical leave. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative rules to implement this policy.

Links: https://www.dol.gov/whd/regs/compliance/posters/fmlaen.pdf

WH-380-E Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition (PDF)

WH-380-F Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition (PDF)

WH-381 Notice of Eligibility and Rights & Responsibilities (PDF)

o WH-382 Designation Notice (PDF)

o WH-384 Certification of Qualifying Exigency For Military Family Leave (PDF)

WH-385 Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember -- for Military Family Leave (PDF)

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq.

29 C.F.R. § 825

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85; 216; 279.40.

Whitney v. Rural Ind. School. District, 232 Iowa 61, 4 N.W.2d 394 (1942).

Cross Reference:

409.2 Licensed Employee Personal Illness Leave

409.8 Licensed Employee Unpaid Leave

414.3 Classified Employee Family and Medical Leave

Approved <u>9-11-09</u>

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised 8-14-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE EMERGENCY LEAVE

The board realizes an emergency may arise which would necessitate a licensed employee's absence from work which is not covered by another form of leave of absence. Such leave shall be called emergency leave.

Emergency leave must be unforeseen and beyond the control of the employee. There is no set number of days that may be taken. The leave is dependent upon the need and request of the person needing to take the leave. This leave is not deducted from sick leave. The request shall be made in writing and a written record will be maintained. The superintendent shall have the discretion to grant emergency leave. The superintendent shall determine whether such leave shall be paid leave or unpaid leave.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between the employees in that certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding the emergency leave of such employees shall be followed.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 279.8 (1993).

Cross Reference:

409 Classified Employee Vacation and Leaves of Absence

414 Classified Employee Vacation and Leaves of Absence

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

In the event of a death of a member of a licensed employee's immediate family, bereavement leave may be granted. Bereavement leave may be granted to a licensed employee for no more than [insert number] days, with "day" being defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee, per occurrence, for the death of a member of the immediate family. The immediate family includes child, spouse, parent, brother, sister, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandchildren, grandparents of the employee, or any member of the immediate household or personal friend or relative not listed above.

No more than 2 days of bereavement leave per year will be granted for the death of a close friend or other relative not listed above.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine the number of bereavement leave days to be granted.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 279.8.

Cross Reference:

409

Licensed Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

LICENSED EMPLOYEE POLITICAL LEAVE

The board will provide a leave of absence to licensed employees to run for elective public office. The superintendent will grant a licensed employee a leave of absence to campaign as a candidate for an elective public office as unpaid leave.

The licensed employee will be entitled to one period of leave to run for the elective public office, and the leave may commence within thirty days of a contested primary, special, or general election and continue until the day following the election.

The request for leave must be in writing to the superintendent of schools at least thirty days prior to the starting date of the requested leave.

Reference	

Iowa Code ch. 55 (1999).

Cross Reference:

401.15 Employee Political Activity

409 Licensed Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence

Approved 11-15-10

Reviewed _ 7-24-17

Revised

LICENSED EMPLOYEE JURY DUTY LEAVE

The board will allow licensed employees to be excused for jury duty unless extraordinary circumstances exist. The superintendent has the discretion to determine when extraordinary circumstances exist.

Employees who are called for jury service will notify the direct supervisor within twenty-four hours after notice of call to jury duty and suitable proof of jury service pay must be presented to the school district. The employee will report to work within one hour on any day when the employee is excused from jury duty during regular working hours.

Licensed employees will receive their regular salary. Any payment for jury duty will be paid to the school district.

Legal Reference:	Iowa (Code §§ 20.9; 607A (1999).		
Cross Reference:	409	Licensed Employee Vacations and	Leaves of Absence	
Approved <u>11-15-10</u>		Reviewed	Revised	,

LICENSED EMPLOYEE MILITARY SERVICE LEAVE

The board recognizes licensed employees may be called to participate in the armed forces, including the national guard. If a licensed employee is called to serve in the armed forces, the employee will have a leave of absence for military service until the military service is completed.

The leave is without loss of status or efficiency rating, and without loss of pay during the first thirty calendar days of the leave.

	iowa C	ode §§ 20; 29A.28 (1999).	
Cross Reference:	409	Licensed Employee Vacations and Lea	ives of Absence
Approved <u>11-15-10</u>		Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>	Revised

Bewley v. Villisca Community School District, 299 N.W. 2d 904 (Iowa 1980).

Legal Reference:

LICENSED EMPLOYEE UNPAID LEAVE

Unpaid leave may be used to excuse an involuntary absence not provided for in other leave policies of the board. Unpaid leave for licensed employees must be authorized by the superintendent.

The superintendent will have complete discretion to grant or deny the requested unpaid leave. In making this determination, the superintendent will consider the effect of the employee's absence on the education program and school district operations, length of service, previous record of absence, the financial condition of the school district, the reason for the requested absence and other factors the superintendent believes are relevant to making this determination.

If unpaid leave is granted, the duration of the leave period will be coordinated with the scheduling of the education program whenever possible to minimize the disruption of the education program and school district operations.

Whenever possible, licensed employees will make a written request for unpaid leave 7 days prior to the beginning date of the requested leave. If the leave is granted, the deductions in salary are made unless they are waived specifically by the superintendent.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85; 85A; 85B; 279.12; 509; 509A; 509B.

Cross Reference:

409

Licensed Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence

Approved _11-15-10

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

SUBSTITUTE TEACHERS

The board recognizes the need for substitute teachers. Substitute teachers will be licensed to teach in Iowa.

It is the responsibility of the building principal to maintain a list of substitute teachers who may be called upon to replace regular contract licensed employees. Individuals whose names do not appear on this list will not be employed as a substitute without specific approval of the superintendent. It is the responsibility of the building principal to fill absences with substitute teachers immediately.

Substitute teachers will be paid a per diem rate. Substitutes employed for 11 or more consecutive days in the same position are paid per-diem of base pay. Substitute licensed employees are expected to perform the same duties as the licensed employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Association of School Boards v. PERB, 400 N.W.2d 571 (Iowa 1987).

Iowa Code §§ 20.1, .4(5), .9 (1999).

281 I.A.C. 12.4.

Cross Reference:

405.1 Licensed Employee Defined

405.2 Licensed Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

Approved 12-8-03

Reviewed 7-24-17

Reviewed

SUMMER SCHOOL LICENSED EMPLOYEES

The Hamburg Community School District shall offer summer school options in accordance with law and may, in its discretion offer additional programming during the summer recess. Licensed employees who volunteer or who are appointed to deliver the summer education program are compensated in addition to their regular duties during the school academic year, unless such arrangements are made prior to determining the employee's compensation for the year.

Licensed employees will be given the opportunity to volunteer for the positions available. If the board determines a course must be offered and no licensed employee volunteers for the position, the board will make the necessary arrangements to fill the position. The board will consider applications from volunteers of current licensed employees in conjunction with other applications.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board regarding the need for and the delivery of the summer education program.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.14.

Cross Reference:

505.2 Student Promotion - Retention - Acceleration

603.2 Summer School Instruction

Approved 12-08-03

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

EDUCATION AIDE

The board may employ education aides or other instructional support personnel to assist licensed personnel in nonteaching duties, including, but not limited to:

managing and maintaining records, materials and equipment;

attending to the physical needs of children; and

performing other limited services to support teaching duties when such duties are determined and directed by the teacher.

Education aides who hold a teaching certificate are compensated at the rate of pay established for their position as an education aide. It is the responsibility of the principal to supervise education aides.

Referer	

Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14 (1999).

281 I.A.C. 12.4(9); .5(9).

Cross Reference:

411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

Approved	12-8-03	Reviewed	7-24-17	Reviewed
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TRUANCY OFFICER

The board will appoint a licensed employee from each school building to serve as the building's truancy officer.

The principal will notify the truancy officer when a student is truant. The truancy officer will investigate the cause of a student's truancy and attempt to ensure the student's attendance. The truancy officer may take the student into custody. A student taken into custody will be placed in the custody of the principal. The truancy officer will attempt to contact the student's parents when the student is taken into custody.

NOTE: School districts are not required to have a truancy officer. School districts that do not have a truancy officer must assign the duties to another individual—for example, the building principals. This policy can be eliminated if there is no truancy officer.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 299.1011, .15 (1999).		
Cross Reference:	501.10 Truancy - Unexcused Absences	*	
Approved 12-8-03	Reviewed 7-24-17	Reviewed	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE DEFINED

Classified employees are employees who are not administrators or employees in positions which require a teaching license issued by the Iowa Board of Educational Examiners and who are employed to fulfill the duties listed on their job description on a monthly or hourly basis. Classified employees will include, but not be limited to, teacher and classroom aides, custodial and maintenance employees, clerical employees, food service employees, bus drivers, and temporary help for summer or other maintenance. The position may be full-time or part-time.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to establish job specifications and job descriptions for classified employee positions. Job descriptions may be approved by the board.

Classified employees required to hold a license for their position must present evidence of their current license to the board secretary prior to payment of wages each year.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8.

Cross Reference:

405.1 Licensed Employee Defined

411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

412.3 Classified Employee Group Insurance Benefits

Approved ____ 3-8-04

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE - QUALIFICATIONS, RECRUITMENT, SELECTION

Persons interested in a classified employee position will have an opportunity to apply and qualify for classified employee positions in the school district in accordance with applicable laws and school district policies regarding equal employment. Job applicants for classified employee positions will be considered on the basis of the following:

- Training, experience, and skill;
- Nature of the occupation;
- Demonstrated competence; and
- Possession of, or ability to obtain, state or other license or certificate, if required, for the position.

All job openings shall be submitted to the Iowa Department of Education for posting on <u>TeachIowa</u>, the online state job posting system. Additional announcements of the position may occur through means the superintendent believes will inform potential applicants about the position. Whenever possible, the preliminary screening of applicants will be conducted by the administrator who directly supervises and oversees the position.

The superintendent will recommend employment of classified employees to the board for approval

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634.

42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e; 12101 et seq.

Iowa Code §§ 20; 35C; 216; 256.27; 279.8; 279.20

281 I.A.C. 12

Cross Reference:

401.1 Equal Employment Opportunity

411 Classified Employees - General

Approved <u>3-8-04</u>

Reviewed 7-24-17

Revised 8-14-17

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE - QUALIFICATIONS, RECRUITMENT, SELECTION

Persons interested in a classified employee position will have an opportunity to apply and qualify for classified employee positions in the school district without regard to age, race, creed, color, sex, national origin, religion or disability. Job applicants for classified employee positions will be considered on the basis of the following:

- Training, experience, and skill;
- Nature of the occupation;
- Demonstrated competence; and
 - · Possession of, or ability to obtain, state or other license or certificate, if required, for the position.

Announcement of the position will be through means the superintendent believes will inform potential applicants about the position. Applications for employment may be obtained from and completed applications will be returned to the central administration office. Whenever possible, the preliminary screening of applicants will be conducted by the administrator who directly supervises and oversees the position.

The superintendent will recommend employment of classified employees to the board for approval.

NOTE: Neither marital status or sexual preference are classes protected by law for employees. The classes may be added at the discretion of the board.

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634 (1994).

42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq. (1994)

42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq. (1994).

Iowa Code §§ 35C; 216; 279.8; 294.1 (2003).

Cross Reference:

401.2 Equal Employment Opportunity

411 Classified Employees - General

Approved 3-8-04 Reviewed 7-24-17 Revised ____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE - QUALIFICATIONS, RECRUITMENT, SELECTION

Persons interested in a classified employee position will have an opportunity to apply and qualify for classified employee positions in the school district without regard to age, race, creed, color, sex, national origin, religion or disability. Job applicants for classified employee positions will be considered on the basis of the following:

- Training, experience, and skill;
- Nature of the occupation;

Legal Reference:

- Demonstrated competence; and
- Possession of, or ability to obtain, state or other license or certificate, if required, for the position.

Announcement of the position will be through means the superintendent believes will inform potential applicants about the position. Applications for employment may be obtained from and completed applications will be returned to the central administration office. Whenever possible, the preliminary screening of applicants will be conducted by the administrator who directly supervises and oversees the position.

The superintendent will recommend employment of classified employees to the board for approval.

20 ²⁷	42 U.S	.C. §§ 2000e et seq. (1994) .C. §§ 12101 et seq. (1994). Code §§ 35C; 216; 279.8; 294.1 (2003).		
Cross Reference:	401.2 411	Equal Employment Opportunity Classified Employees - General		
Approved 3-8-04		Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised	

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634 (1994).

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE CONTRACTS

The board may enter into written contracts with classified employees employed on a regular basis. The contract will state the terms of employment.

Each contract will include a thirty-day cancellation clause. Either the employee or the board must give notice of the intent to cancel the contract at the end of thirty days. This notice will not be required when the employee is terminated during a probationary period or for cause.

Classified employees will receive a job description stating the specific performance responsibilities of their position.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to draw up and process the classified employee contracts and present them to the board for approval. The contracts, after being signed by the board president, are filed with the board secretary.

NOTE: The thirty-day cancellation clause is standard practice but can be longer or shorter at the employer's discretion unless an individual contract states otherwise. If changed, Policy 413.1 may also need to be changed.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.7A; 285.5(9) (2003).

Cross Reference:

411 Classified Employees - General

412.1 Classified Employee Compensation

412.2 Classified Employee Wage and Overtime Compensation

413 Classified Employee Termination of Employment

Approved <u>3-8-04</u>

Reviewed _7-24-17____

Revised

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE LICENSING/CERTIFICATION

Classified employees who require a special license or other certification will keep them current at their own expense. Licensing requirements needed for a position will be considered met if the employee meets the requirements established by law for the position.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 285.5(9); 272; 279.8.

281 I.A.C. 12.4(10); 36; 43.

Cross Reference:

411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

Approved __ 3-8-04

Revised 8-14-17

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE ASSIGNMENT

Determining the assignment of each classified employee is the responsibility of the superintendent and within the sole discretion of the board. In making such assignments each year the superintendent will consider the qualifications of each classified employee and the needs of the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to assign classified employees and report such assignments to the board.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

200.3 Powers of the Board of Directors

411.6 Classified Employee Transfers

Approved <u>3-8-04</u>

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE TRANSFERS

Determining the location where a classified employee's assignment will be performed is the responsibility of the superintendent and within the sole discretion of the board. In making such assignments each year the superintendent will consider the qualifications of each classified employee and the needs of the school district.

A transfer may be initiated by the employee, the principal or the superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to transfer classified employees and report such transfers to the board.

Legal Reference:

29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634 (1994).

42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq. (1994) 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq. (1994).

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 35C; 216; 279.8; 294.1 (2003).

Cross Reference:

411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

411.5 Classified Employment Assignment

Approved <u>3-8-04</u>

Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE EVALUATION

Evaluation of classified employees on their skills, abilities, and competence is an ongoing process supervised by the superintendent. The goal of the formal evaluation of classified employees is to maintain classified employees who meet or exceed the board's standards of performance, to clarify each classified employee's role, to ascertain the areas in need of improvement, to clarify the immediate priorities of the board, and to develop a working relationship between the administrators and other employees.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure classified employees are formally evaluated annually. New and probationary classified employees are formally evaluated at least twice a year.

NOTE: This policy states that new and probationary employees will be formally evaluated at least twice a year. This is not a legal requirement but is a recommended practice. School districts with another practice should reflect that in the last sentence of the second paragraph.

Legal	Reference:
(Iowa	1986).

Aplington Community School District v. PERB, 392 N.W.2d 495

Saydel Education Association v. PERB, 333 N.W.2d 486 (Iowa 1983).

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 279.14 (2003).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference:

411.2 Classified Employee Qualifications, Recruitment, Selection

411.8 Classified Employee Probationary Status

Approved <u>3-8-04</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE PROBATIONARY STATUS

The first ninety days of a newly employed classified employee's contract is a probationary period. "Day" is defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee. New employees, regardless of experience, are subject to this probationary period.

"New" employees includes individuals who are being hired for the first time by the school district and those who may have been employed by the school district in the past, but have not been employed by the board during the school year prior to the one for which contracts are being issued.

Only the board, in its discretion, may waive the probationary period.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20; 279.8 (2003).	*
Cross Reference:	411.3 Classified Employee Contracts411.7 Classified Employee Evaluation	
Approved <u>3-8-04</u>	Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised	:=7

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

The board will determine the compensation to be paid for the classified employees' positions, keeping in mind the education and experience of the classified employee, the educational philosophy of the school district, the financial condition of the school district and any other considerations as deemed relevant by the board.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually regarding the compensation of classified employees.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.1, .4, .7, .9; 279.8 (2003).

Cross Reference:

411.3 Classified Employee Contracts

412.2 Classified Employee Wage and Overtime Compensation

Approved __2-21-11

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE WAGE AND OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Each non-exempt employee compensated on an hour-by-hour basis, whether full-or part-time, permanent or temporary, will be paid no less than the prevailing minimum wage. Whenever a non-exempt employee must work more than forty hours in a given work week, the employee is compensated at one and one-half times their regular hourly wage rate. This compensation is in the form of overtime pay or compensatory time. Overtime will not be permitted without prior authorization of the superintendent.

Each non-exempt employee paid on an hour-by-hour basis must complete, sign, and turn in a daily time record showing the actual number of hours worked. Failure of the employee to maintain, or falsification of, a daily time record will be grounds for disciplinary action.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to maintain wage records.

NOTE: Federal law requires compensation at time and one-half the regular rate for work over 40 hours per week, whether in monetary form or compensatory time.

Legal Reference:

Garcia v. San Antonio Metropolitan Transit Authority, 469 U.S. 528

(1985).

29 U.S.C. §§ 206 et seq. (1994). 29 C.F.R. Pt. 511-800 (2002).

Cross Reference:

411.3 Classified Employee Contracts

412.1 Classified Employee Compensation

Approved <u>2-21-11</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE BENEFITS

Classified employees may be eligible for gr	roup insurance benefits as determined by the board and
required by law. The board will select the	group insurance program and the insurance company which
will provide the program.	2

This policy statement does not guarantee a certain level of benefits. The board will have the authority and right to change or eliminate group insurance programs for its classified employees.

Legal Reference:	10wa Code §§ 20.9; 85; 85B; 279.12; 5	09; 509A; 509B (2001).
Cross Reference:	411.1 Classified Employee Defined	
Approved <u>2-21-11</u>	Reviewed7-24-17	Revised

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE TAX SHELTER PROGRAMS

The board authorizes the administration to make a payroll deduction for classified employees' tax sheltered annuity premiums purchased from any company the employee chooses or through an Iowa-licensed salesperson selected by the employee.

Classified employees wishing to have payroll deductions for tax sheltered annuities will make a written request to the superintendent.

Legal Reference:

Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996, Section 1450(a), repealing portions

of IRS REG § 1.403(b)-1(b)(3).

Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 260C; 273; 294.16 (2001).

1988 Op. Att'y Gen. 38. 1976 Op. Att'y Gen. 462, 602. 1966 Op. Att'y Gen. 211, 220.

Cross Reference:

706

Payroll Procedures

Approved <u>2-21-11</u>

Reviewed __7-24-17_____

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE RESIGNATION

Classified employees when it
stassified employees who wish to resign during the school year will aim at
Classified employees who wish to resign during the school year will give the board notice of their intent or resign and final date of employment and cancel their contract 30 days prior to their last working day.
o resign and that date of employment and cancel their contract 20 days
and cancer their contract 30 days prior to their last working day
The first working day.

Notice of the intent to resign will be in writing to the superintendent.

Legal	Reference:
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Iowa Code §§ 91A.2, .3, .5; 279.19A; 285.5(9) (2003).

Cross Reference:

411.3 Classified Employee Contracts

413 Classified Employee Termination of Employment

Approved <u>2-21-11</u>

Reviewed _7-24-17

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

Classified employees who will complete their current contract with the board may apply for retirement. No classified employee will be required to retire at any specific age.

Application for retirement will be considered made when the classified employee states in writing to the superintendent, no later than the date set by the board for the return of the employee's contract to the board if applicable, the employee's intent to retire. The letter must state the employee's desire to retire and be witnessed by another party other than the principal or the superintendent.

Board action to approve a classified employee's application for retirement is final, and such action constitutes termination of the employee's contract effective the day of the employee's retirement.

Classified employees and their spouse and dependents who have group insurance coverage through the school district may be allowed to continue coverage of the school district's group health insurance program, at their own expense, by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

Legal Reference:	29 U.S	S.C. §§ 621 et seq. (2012).		
100	Iowa Code §§	91A.2, .3, .5; 97B; 216; 279.19A	, .46 (2013).	
	1978	Op. Att'y Gen. 247.		
	1974	Op. Att'y Gen. 11, 322.		
Cross Reference:	412	Classified Employee Compensa	ation and Benefits	
	413	Classified Employee Termination	on of Employment	
Approved <u>2-21-11</u>		Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u>	Revised	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SUSPENSION

Classified employees will perform their assigned job, respect and follow board policy and obey the law. The superintendent is authorized to suspend a classified employee with or without pay pending board action on a discharge or during investigation of charges against the employee or for disciplinary purposes. It is within the discretion of the superintendent to suspend a classified employee with or

In the event of a suspension, due process will be followed.

Legal Reference:

Northeast Community Education Association v. Northeast Community School

District, 402 N.W.2d 765 (Iowa 1987).

McFarland v. Board of Education of Norwalk Community School District, 277

N.W.2d 901 (Iowa 1979).

Iowa Code §§ 20.7, .24 (2003).

Cross Reference:

404

Employee Conduct and Appearance

413 Classified Employee Termination of Employment

Approved ____ 2-21-11

Revised

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE DISMISSAL

The board believes classified employees should perform their jobs, respect board policy and obey the law. A classified employee may be dismissed upon thirty days notice or immediately for cause. Due process procedures will be followed.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation for dismissal to the board. A classified employee may be dismissed for any reason, including, but not limited to, incompetence, willful neglect of duty, reduction in force, willful violation of board policy or administrative regulations, or a violation of the law.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20.7, .24 (2003).
Cross Reference:	 404 Employee Conduct and Appearance 413.4 Classified Employee Suspension 413.6 Classified Employee Reduction in Force
Approved <u>2-21-11</u>	Reviewed

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE REDUCTION IN FORCE

It is the exclusive power of the board to determine when a reduction in classified employees is necessary. Employees who are terminated due to a reduction in force will be given thirty days notice. Due process will be followed for terminations due to a reduction in force.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation for termination to the board. The superintendent will consider the relative qualifications, skills, ability and demonstrated performance through evaluation procedures in making the recommendations.

Legal Reference:

Iowa Code §§ 20.7, .24 (2003).

Cross Reference:

407.6 Licensed Employee Reduction in Force

413.4 Classified Employee Suspension413.5 Classified Employee Dismissal

703 Budget

Approved <u>2-21-11</u>

Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

Unpaid family and medical leave will be granted up to 12 weeks per year to assist employees in balancing family and work life. For purposes of this policy, year is defined as July 1 to June 30. Requests for family and medical leave will be made to the superintendent.

Employees may be allowed to substitute paid leave for unpaid family and medical leave by meeting the requirements set out in the family and medical leave administrative rules. Employees eligible for family and medical leave must comply with the family and medical leave administrative rules prior to starting family and medical leave. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative rules to implement this policy.

Links: WH-380-E Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition (PDF)

- o <u>WH-380-F Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition</u>
 (PDF)
- WH-381 Notice of Eligibility and Rights & Responsibilities (PDF)
- WH-382 Designation Notice (PDF)
- WH-384 Certification of Qualifying Exigency For Military Family Leave (PDF)
 WH-385 Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember -- for Military Family Leave (PDF)

Legal Reference:

Whitney v. Rural Ind. School. District, 232 Iowa 61, 4 N.W.2d 394

(1942).

29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq. (2012)

29 C.F.R. Pt. 825 (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85.33, .34, .38(3); 216; 279.40 (2013).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 605. 1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 177, 353. 1952 Op. Att'y Gen. 91.

Cross Reference:

409.2 Licensed Employee Personal Illness Leave

409.3 Licensed Employee Family and Medical Leave

409.8 Licensed Employee Unpaid Leave

Approved <u>3-21-11</u> Reviewed <u>7-24-17</u> Revised _____

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE VACATIONS - HOLIDAYS - PERSONAL LEAVE

The board will determine the amount of vacation, holidays and personal leave that will be allowed on an annual basis for classified employees.

Classified employees who work twelve months a year will be allowed six paid holidays if the holidays fall on a regular working day. The six holidays are New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Classified employees, whether full-time or part-time, will have time off in concert with the school calendar.

Classified employees will be paid only for the hours they would have been scheduled for the day. Vacation will not be accrued from year to year without a prior arrangement with the superintendent.

- 1. All year around (more than 200 days) full-time employees will be given 2 days of personal leave in years 1-10, 3 days in years 11-20, and 4 days with years 21+ with one day being used only in the summer.
- 2. All employees that work less than 200 days will be given two days of personal leave.
- 3. All personal leave is non-accumulative to the next year.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually on vacation and personal leave for classified employees.

Legal Reference:	Iowa C	Code §§ 1C.12; 4.1(34); 20.9 (2	013).
Cross Reference:	409.1 601.1	Licensed Employee Vacations School Calendar	- Holidays - Personal Leave
A		Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised
Approved <u>3-21-11</u>		Reviewed	1(C 1150d

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE PERSONAL ILLNESS LEAVE

Classified employees shall be granted sick leave days with "Day" being defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee. A new employee will report for work at least one full work day prior to receiving sick leave benefits. A returning employee will be granted the appropriate number of days at the beginning of each fiscal year. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 150 days for classified employees.

1st year of employment	10 days
2 nd year of employment	11 days
3rd year of employment	12 days
4th year of employment	13 days
5th year of employment	14 days
6th year of employment	15 days

Classified employees are granted ten days of sick leave in their first year of employment. Each year thereafter, one additional day of sick leave will be granted to the employees up to a maximum of fifteen days. "Day" is defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee. A new employee will report for work at least one full work day prior to receiving sick leave benefits. A returning employee will be granted the appropriate number of days at the beginning of each fiscal year. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 150 days for classified employees.

Should the personal illness occur after or extend beyond the accumulated sick leave, the employee may apply for disability benefits under the group insurance plan. If the employee does not qualify for disability benefits, the employee may request a leave of absence without pay.

Evidence may be required regarding the mental or physical health of the employee including, but not limited to, confirmation of the following: the employee's illness, the need for the illness leave, the employee's ability to return to work, and the employee's capability to perform the duties of the employee's position. It is within the discretion of the board and the superintendent to determine the type and amount of evidence necessary. When an illness leave will be greater than three consecutive days, the employee will comply with board policy regarding family and medical leave.

If an employee is eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits, the employee will contact the board secretary to implement these benefits.

Approved 3-21-11	Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE PERSONAL ILLNESS LEAVE

Legal Reference: (1942).

Whitney v. Rural Ind. School District, 232 Iowa 61, 4 N.W.2d 394

26 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq. (Supp. 1994)

29 C.F.R. Pt. 825 (1999).

Iowa Code §§ 20; 85.33, .34, .38(3); 279.40 (1999).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 605. 1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 177, 353. 1952 Op. Att'y Gen. 91.

Cross Reference:

403.2 Employee Injury on the Job

414.3 Classified Employee Family and Medical Leave

414.9 Classified Employee Unpaid Leave

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REQUEST FORM

check all that a	
	pply)
	for the birth of my child;
10	for the placement of a child for adoption or foster care;
	to care for my child who has a serious health condition;
	to care for my parent who has a serious health condition;
**************************************	to care for my spouse who has a serious health condition; or
	because I am seriously ill and unable to perform the essential functions of my position.
	because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that myspouse; son or
	daughter;parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency
	operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
	because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent;next of kin of a covered
	service member with a serious injury or illness.
acknowledge in orde	my obligation to provide medical certification of my serious health condition or that of a family er to be eligible for family and medical leave within 15 days of the request for certification.
acknowledge ischool district.	receipt of information regarding my obligations under the family and medical leave policy of the
17	by family and medical leave begin on and I request leave as follows: (check
one)	continuous
	Continuous
	I anticipate that I will be able to return to work on
	intermittent leave for the:
	birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the
	district;
	serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary;
	because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; son or
	daughter;parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a
	contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
	because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent;next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	covered service member with a serious injury of filless.
Details of the	needed intermittent leave:
\$	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE REQUEST FORM

reduced work schedule for the:
birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district;
serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary
because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that myspouse;
son or daughter;parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a
contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent;next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
a covered service member with a serious injury of filless.
Details of needed reduction in work schedule as follows:
I anticipate returning to work at my regular schedule on
I realize I may be moved to an alternative position during the period of the family and medical intermittent or reduced work schedule leave. I also realize that with foreseeable intermittent or reduced work schedule leave, subject to the requirements of my health care provider, I may be required to schedule the leave to minimize interruptions to school district operations.
While on family and medical leave, I agree to pay my regular contributions to employer sponsored benefit plans. My contributions will be deducted from moneys owed me during the leave period. If no monies are owed me, I will reimburse the school district by personal check or cash for my contributions. I understand that I may be dropped from the employer-sponsored benefit plans for failure to pay my contribution.
I agree to reimburse the school district for any payment of my contributions with deductions from future monies owed to me or the school district may seek reimbursement of payments of my contributions in court.
I acknowledge that the above information is true to the best of my knowledge.
Signed
O.B. C.
Date

If the employee requesting leave is unable to meet the above criteria, the employee is not eligible for family and medical leave.

A. School district notice.

- 1. The school district will post the notice in Exhibit 414.3E1 regarding family and medical leave.
- 2. Information on the Family and Medical Leave Act and the board policy on family and medical leave, including leave provisions and employee obligations will be provided annually. The information will be in the employee handbook.
- 3. When an employee requests family and medical leave, the school district will provide the employee with information listing the employee's obligations and requirements. Such information will include:
 - a. a statement clarifying whether the leave qualifies as family and medical leave and will, therefore, be credited to the employee's annual 12-week entitlement or 26 week entitlement depending on the purpose of the leave;
 - b. a reminder that employees requesting family and medical leave for their serious health condition or for that of an immediate family member must furnish medical certification of the serious health condition and the consequences for failing to do so or proof of call to active duty in the case of military family and medical leave;
 - c. an explanation of the employee's right to substitute paid leave for family and medical leave including a description of when the school district requires substitution of paid leave and the conditions related to the substitution; and
 - d. a statement notifying employees that they must pay and must make arrangements for paying any premium or other payments to maintain health or other benefits.

Eligible employees.

Employees are eligible for family and medical leave if three criteria are met.

- 1. The school district has more than 50 employees on the payroll at the time leave is requested;
- 2. The employee has worked for the school district for at least twelve months or 52 weeks (the months and weeks need not be consecutive); and,
- 3. The employee has worked at least 1,250 hours within the previous year. Full-time professional employees who are exempt from the wage and hour law may be presumed to have worked the minimum hour requirement.

- C. Employee requesting leave -- two types of leave.
 - 1. Foreseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is foreseeable for the birth or placement of an adopted or foster child with the employee or for planned medical treatment.
 - b. Employee must give at least thirty days notice for foreseeable leave. Failure to give the notice may result in the leave beginning thirty days after notice was received. For those taking leave due to military family and medical leave, notice should be given as soon as possible.
 - c. Employees must consult with the school district prior to scheduling planned medical treatment leave to minimize disruption to the school district. The scheduling is subject to the approval of the health care provider.
 - 2. Unforeseeable family and medical leave.
 - a. Definition leave is unforeseeable in such situations as emergency medical treatment or premature birth.
 - b. Employee must give notice as soon as possible but no later than one to two work days after learning that leave will be necessary.
 - c. A spouse or family member may give the notice if the employee is unable to personally give notice.
- D. Eligible family and medical leave determination. The school district may require the employee giving notice of the need for leave to provide reasonable documentation or a statement of family relationship.
 - 1. Six purposes.
 - a. The birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth;
 - b. The placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that son or daughter prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement;
 - c. To care for the spouse, son, daughter or parent of the employee if the spouse, son, daughter or parent has a serious health condition; or
 - d. Employee's serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of the employee's position.
 - e. because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that an employee's spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
 - f. because the employee is the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.

2. Medical certification.

- a. When required:
- (1) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the employee's serious health condition and inability to perform the essential functions of the iob.
- (2) Employees shall be required to present medical certification of the family member's serious health condition and that it is medically necessary for the employee to take leave to care for the family member.
- (3) Employees shall be required to present certification of the call to active duty when taking military family and medical leave.
 - b. Employee's medical certification responsibilities:
- (1) The employee must obtain the certification from the health care provider who is treating the individual with the serious health condition.
- (2) The school district may require the employee to obtain a second certification by a health care provider chosen by and paid for by the school district if the school district has reason to doubt the validity of the certification an employee submits. The second health care provider cannot, however, be employed by the school district on a regular basis.
- (3) If the second health care provider disagrees with the first health care provider, then the school district may require a third health care provider to certify the serious health condition. This health care provider must be mutually agreed upon by the employee and the school district and paid for by the school district. This certification or lack of certification is binding upon both the employee and the school district.
- c. Medical certification will be required fifteen days after family and medical leave begins unless it is impracticable to do so. The school district may request recertification every thirty days. Recertification must be submitted within fifteen days of the school district's request.
- d. Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member cannot be required to obtain a second opinion or to provide recertification.

Family and medical leave requested for the serious health condition of the employee or to care for a family member with a serious health condition which is not supported by medical certification will be denied until such certification is provided.

E. Entitlement.

- 1. Employees are entitled to twelve weeks unpaid family and medical leave per year. Employees taking military caregiver family and medical leave to care for a family service member are entitled to 26 weeks of unpaid family and medical leave but only in a single 12 month period.
- 2. Year is defined as:

Rolling: measured forward from the first day leave is used, or measured backward from the date leave is used.

- 3. If insufficient leave is available, the school district may:
 - a. Deny the leave if entitlement is exhausted
 - b. Award leave available

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1.	Continuous - employee will not report to work for set number of days or weeks.
2.	Intermittent - employee requests family and medical leave for separate periods of time. a. Intermittent leave is available for:
	birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district;
	serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary;
	because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; sor or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves;
	because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	b. In the case of foreseeable intermittent leave, the employee must schedule the leave to minimize disruption to the school district operation.
	c. During the period of foreseeable intermittent leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits. (For
	instructional employees, see G below.)
3.	Reduced work schedule - employee requests a reduction in the employee's regular work edule.
a.	Reduced work schedule family and medical leave is available for:
	birth of my child or adoption or foster care placement subject to agreement by the district;
	serious health condition of myself, spouse, parent, or child when medically necessary;
	because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my spouse; sor or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves;
	because I am the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.
	b. In the case of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the employee must
	schedule the leave to minimize disruption to the school district operation. c. During the period of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the school
	c. During the period of foreseeable reduced work schedule leave, the school district may move the employee to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits.
	(For instructional employees, see G below.)

G. Special Rules for Instructional Employees.

 Definition - an instructional employee is one whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group or an individual setting. This includes, but is not limited to, teachers, coaches, driver's education instructors and special education assistants.

- 2. Instructional employees who request foreseeable medically necessary intermittent or reduced work schedule family and medical leave greater than twenty percent of the work days in the leave period may be required to:
 - a. Take leave for the entire period or periods of the planned medical treatment; or,
 - b. Move to an available alternative position, with equivalent pay and benefits, but not necessarily equivalent duties, for which the employee is qualified.
- 3. Instructional employees who request continuous family and medical leave near the end of a semester may be required to extend the family and medical leave through the end of the semester. The number of weeks remaining before the end of a semester does not include scheduled school breaks, such as summer, winter or spring break.
 - a. If an instructional employee begins family and medical leave for any purpose more than five weeks before the end of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last at least three weeks and the employee would return to work during the last three weeks of the semester if the leave was not continued.
 - b. If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last five weeks of a semester, the school district may require that the leave be continued until the end of the semester if the leave will last more than two weeks and the employee would return to work during the last two weeks of the semester.
 - c. If the employee begins family and medical leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the last three weeks of the semester and the leave will last more than five working days, the school district may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the semester.
- 4. The entire period of leave taken under the special rules is credited as family and medical leave. The school district will continue to fulfill the school district's family and medical leave responsibilities and obligations, including the obligation to continue the employee's health insurance and other benefits, if an instructional employee's family and medical leave entitlement ends before the involuntary leave period expires.
- H. Employee responsibilities while on family and medical leave.
 - 1. Employee must continue to pay health care benefit contributions or other benefit contributions regularly paid by the employee unless employee elects not to continue the benefits.
 - 2. The employee contribution payments will be deducted from any money owed to the employee or the employee will reimburse the school district at a time set by the superintendent.
 - 3. An employee who fails to make the health care contribution payments within thirty days after they are due will be notified that their coverage may be canceled if payment is not received within an additional 15 days.

4. An employee may be asked to re-certify the medical necessity of family and medical leave for the serious medical condition of an employee or family member once every thirty days and return the certification within fifteen days of the request.

- 5. The employee must notify the school district of the employee's intent to return to work at least once each month during their leave and at least two weeks prior to the conclusion of the family and medical leave.
- 6. If an employee intends not to return to work, the employee must immediately notify the school district, in writing, of the employee's intent not to return. The school district will cease benefits upon receipt of this notification.
- I. Use of paid leave for family and medical leave.

Option I:

An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave with appropriate paid leave available to the employee under board policy, individual contracts or the collective bargaining agreement. Paid leave includes, but is not limited to, sick leave, family illness leave, vacation, personal leave, bereavement leave and professional leave. When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option II:

- 1. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- 2. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member or to care for a family service member with paid sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member is unpaid.
- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for the child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption is unpaid.
- 5. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick, vacation and personal leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.

When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as FMLA leave.

Option III:

- 1. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee with paid sick leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of the employee is unpaid.
- 2. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member with paid sick leave or to care for a family service member. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the serious health condition of an employee's family member is unpaid.
- 3. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's birth is unpaid.
- 4. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave for the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care and in order to care for that child prior to the first anniversary of the child's placement or adoption with sick and vacation leave. Upon the expiration of paid leave, the family and medical leave for prior to the first anniversary of the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care is unpaid.
- 5. An employee may substitute unpaid family and medical leave when a family service member is called to active duty or on call to active duty with sick and vacation leave. Upon expiration of the paid leave, the leave is unpaid.
- When the school district determines that paid leave is being taken for an FMLA reason, the school
 district will notify the employee within two business days that the paid leave will be counted as
 FMLA leave.

Option IV:

1. Family and medical leave is unpaid.

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

In the event of a death of a member of a classified employee's immediate family, bereavement leave may be granted. Bereavement leave granted may be for a maximum of 2 days, with "day" being defined as one work day regardless of full-time or part-time status of the employee, per occurrence, for the death of a member of the immediate family. The immediate family includes child, spouse, parent, brother, sister, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandchildren, or grandparents of the employee or any member of the immediate household or personal friend or relative not listed above].

A maximum of 2 day of bereavement leave per year will be granted for the death of a close friend or other relative not listed above.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine the number of bereavement leave days to be granted.

Legal Reference:	Iowa (Code §§ 20; 2/9.8.	
Cross Reference:	414	Classified Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence	
Approved 8-4-17		Reviewed 8-4-17 Revised	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE POLITICAL LEAVE

The board will provide a leave of absence to classified employees to run for elective public office. The superintendent will grant a classified employee a leave of absence to campaign as a candidate for an elective public office as unpaid leave.

The classified employee will be entitled to one period of leave to run for the elective public office, and the leave may commence any time within thirty days of a contested primary, special, or general election and continue until the day following the election.

The request for leave must be in writing to the superintendent at least thirty days prior to the starting date of the requested leave.

NOTE: Iowa law gives employees a right to political leave to run for public office. This policy reflects the law.

Cross Reference:	401.15 Employee Political Activity	
	414 Classified Employee Vacation	ons and Leaves of Absence
Approved 3-21-11	Reviewed 7-24-17	Revised

Iowa Code ch. 55 (2003).

Legal Reference:

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE JURY DUTY LEAVE

The board will allow classified employees to be excused for jury duty unless extraordinary circumstances exist. The superintendent has the discretion to determine when extraordinary circumstances exist.

Employees who are called for jury service will notify the direct supervisor within twenty-four hours after notice of call to jury duty and suitable proof of jury service pay must be presented to the school district. The employee will report to work within one hour on any day when the employee is excused from jury duty during regular working hours.

Classified employees will receive their regular salary. Any payment for jury duty is turned over to the school district.

NOTE: This policy reflects the practice that the employee sign over checks received for jury duty to the school district. School districts which let employees keep their checks but then deduct the amount from the employee's salary, should reflect that practice in the third paragraph.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 607A (2003).	
Cross Reference:	414 Classified Employee Vacations and Leave	s of Absence
Approved <u>3-21-11</u>	Reviewed _7-24-17 Revised _	

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE MILITARY SERVICE LEAVE

The board recognizes classified employees may be called to participate in the armed forces, including the national guard. If a classified employee is called to serve in the armed forces, the employee will have a leave of absence for military service until the military service is completed.

The leave is without loss of status or efficiency rating, and without loss of pay during the first thirty calendar days of the leave.

NOTE: This policy reflects Iowa law.

Legal Reference: 1980).	Bewley v. Villisca Community School District, 299 N.W. 2d 904 (Iowa
	Iowa Code §§ 20; 29A.28 (2003).
Cross Reference:	414 Classified Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence
Approved <u>3-21-11</u>	Reviewed

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE UNPAID LEAVE

Unpaid leave may be used to excuse an involuntary absence not provided for in other leave policies. Unpaid leave for classified employees must be authorized by the superintendent. Whenever possible, classified employees will make a written request for unpaid leave ten days prior to the beginning date of the requested leave. If the leave is granted, the deductions in salary are made unless they are waived specifically by the superintendent.

The superintendent will have complete discretion to grant or deny the requested unpaid leave. In making this determination, the superintendent will consider the effect of the employee's absence on the education program and school district operations, the financial condition of the school district, length of service, previous record of absence, the reason for the requested absence and other factors the superintendent believes are relevant in making this determination.

If unpaid leave is granted, the duration of the leave period is coordinated with the scheduling of the education program whenever possible, to minimize the disruption of the education program and school district operations.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 279.8 (2003).
Cross Reference:	414 Classified Employee Vacations and Leaves of Absence
Approved3-21-11	Reviewed Revised

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE PROFESSIONAL PURPOSES LEAVE

Professional purposes leave may be granted to classified employees for the purpose of attending meetings and conferences directly related to their assignments. Application for the leave must be presented to the superintendent 10 days prior to the meeting or conference.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to grant professional purposes leave. The leave may be denied on the day before or after a vacation or holiday, on special days when services are needed, when it would cause undue interruption of the education program and school district operations, or for other reasons deemed relevant by the superintendent.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (2003). 281 I.A.C. 12.7.	ē .
Cross Reference:	411 Classified Employees - General 408.1 Classified Employee Professional Development	
Approved3-21-11	Reviewed 7-24-17 Revised	